



**Fortress 3  
Emergency Lighting Inverter  
480 or 480Y/277V User's Manual #018-7001-00**

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## About this Manual

Thank you for selecting this Emergency Lighting Inverter System (ELI). It provides you with perfect protection for connected loads and equipment. This manual contains Important instructions that should be followed during maintenance of the DSPM Uninterruptible Power Supply. It includes important safety and maintenance instructions for operating the Emergency Lighting Inverter System. If you should have any problems with the Emergency Lighting Inverter System, please refer to this manual and/or call technical support.

Your DSPM Uninterruptible Power Supply is designed to provide reliable protection from power disturbances for many years. Please be sure to follow the manufacturers instructions to ensure optimum performance of the equipment. This manual contains descriptions of all controls and indicators required to operate the DSPM Uninterruptible Power Supply. Please read this manual carefully and retain it for future reference.

To the best of our knowledge and at the time written, the information contained in this document is technically correct and the procedures accurate and adequate to operate this instrument in compliance with its original advertised specifications. While every precaution has been made to ensure accuracy and completeness in this manual, DSPM assumes no responsibility and disclaims all liability for damages resulting from the use of this information or for any errors or omissions.

This instrument is designed to prevent accidental shock to the operator when properly used. However, no engineering design can render safe an instrument which is used carelessly. Therefore, this manual must be read carefully and completely before making any measurements. Failure to follow directions can result in a serious or fatal accident.

## How to use this Manual

This manual is designed for ease of use, giving the user easy and quick reference to information. This manual uses notice icons to draw attention to the user important information regarding the safe operation and installation of the UPS. The notice icons used in this manual are explained below, and should be taken into account and adhered to whenever they appear in the text of this manual.

## Technical Assistance

**Safety Recommendations:** If any problems are encountered while following this manual, DSPM assistance and correspondence is recommended. For technical support or help with any questions not covered in the manual, contract.

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To expedite assistance if required, Please have the following information from your unit's System Label (found on the right side and inside door panel) available:

Model: \_\_\_\_\_  
Model Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
S/O Number: \_\_\_\_\_  
Input Voltage: \_\_\_\_\_  
Output Voltage: \_\_\_\_\_  
Power Rating and Frequency: \_\_\_\_\_

# IMPORTANT SAFETY INSTRUCTIONS

## SAVE THESE INSTRUCTIONS

### SECTION - SAFETY

#### Notes and Safety Information

Following safety precautions is important when operating or servicing electrical equipment. Always heed these precautions since they are essential to the safe operation and servicing of this product. This Manual contains warning symbols which alert the user to check for hazardous conditions. The symbols are used extensively throughout this manual and are defined below. To ensure the safety of operating performance of this electrical equipment, these instructions must be adhered to.



**WARNING:** A Warning notice icon conveys information to protect the user and service personnel against hazardous conditions.



**DANGER:** A Danger notice icon conveys that there is a risk of electric shock, personal injury, or death to the user if instructions are not followed.



**CAUTION:** A Caution notice icon conveys to the user or service personnel information making them aware that there is a possibility of equipment damage.



**NOTE:** A Note notice icon indicates when the user should make a reference of information regarding the UPS operation, load status and display status. Such information is essential if DSPM, Inc. field service assistance and correspondence is required.

### CAUTION!



**ENSURE THAT NO FLUIDS OR OTHER FOREIGN OBJECTS CAN ENTER THE INVERTER SYSTEM.**



### NOTE!



**READ THIS MANUAL IN ITS ENTIRETY BEFORE PERFORMING THE INSTALLATION, START-UP, OPERATION, OR MAINTENANCE OF THE UPS (Uninterruptible Power System) OR BATTERY SYSTEMS. FAILURE TO DO SO COULD RESULT IN ELECTROCUTION, FIRE, EXPLOSION, OR EQUIPMENT FAILURE.**



### WARNING!



**ONLY FACTORY TRAINED OR AUTHORIZED PERSONNEL SHOULD ATTEMPT TO INSTALL OR REPAIR THE UPS OR ITS BATTERY SYSTEM. IMPROPER INSTALLATION HAS PROVEN TO BE THE SINGLE MOST SIGNIFICANT CAUSE OF START-UP PROBLEMS. HIGH AC AND DC ELECTRICAL VOLTAGES ARE PRESENT THROUGHOUT THE UNIT(S) AND INCORRECT INSTALLATION OR**



SERVICING COULD RESULT IN ELECTROCUTION, FIRE, EXPLOSION, OR EQUIPMENT FAILURE.

## CAUTION!



ALL POWER CONNECTIONS MUST BE COMPLETED BY A LICENSED ELECTRICIAN WHO IS EXPERIENCED IN WIRING THIS TYPE OF EQUIPMENT. WIRING MUST BE INSTALLED IN ACCORDANCE WITH ALL APPLICABLE NATIONAL AND LOCAL ELECTRICAL CODES. IMPROPER WIRING MAY CAUSE DAMAGE TO THE EQUIPMENTS, INJURY OR DEATH OF PERSONNEL. VERIFY THAT ALL HIGH AND LOW VOLTAGE INPUT POWER CIRCUITS ARE DE-ENERGIZED AND LOCKED OUT BEFORE INSTALLING CABLES OR MAKING ANY ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS.



## NOTE!



THIS EQUIPMENT GENERATES, USES, AND CAN RADIATE RADIO FREQUENCY ENERGY, AND, IF NOT INSTALLED AND USED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THIS MANUAL, MAY CAUSE INTERFERENCE TO RADIO COMMUNICATIONS. IT HAS BEEN TESTED AND FOUND TO COMPLY WITHIN THE LIMITS FOR A COMPUTING DEVICE PURSUANT TO SUB PART J OF PART 15 OF FCC RULES, WHICH ARE DESIGNED TO PROVIDE REASONABLE PROTECTION AGAINST SUCH INTERFERENCE WHEN OPERATED IN A COMMERCIAL ENVIRONMENT.



## DANGER!



LETHAL VOLTAGES EXIST WITHIN THE EQUIPMENT DURING OPERATION. EXTREME CAUTION IS REQUIRED WHEN PERFORMING MAINTENANCE. OBSERVE ALL WARNINGS AND CAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL. FAILURE TO COMPLY MAY RESULT IN SERIOUS INJURY OR DEATH. OBTAIN QUALIFIED SERVICE FOR THIS EQUIPMENT AS INSTRUCTED.



## DANGER!



BE CONSTANTLY AWARE THAT THE UPS SYSTEM CONTAINS HIGH DC AS WELL AS AC VOLTAGES. WITH INPUT POWER OFF AND THE BATTERY, DISCONNECTED, HIGH VOLTAGE AT THE FILTER CAPACITORS AND POWER CIRCUITS SHOULD DISCHARGE WITHIN 30 SECONDS. HOWEVER, POWER CIRCUIT FAILURES CAN OCCUR, SO YOU SHOULD ALWAYS ASSUME THAT HIGH VOLTAGE MIGHT STILL EXIST 30 SECONDS AFTER SHUTDOWN. VERIFY THAT POWER IS OFF USING AC AND DC VOLTMETERS BEFORE MAKING CONTACT.



## DANGER!



SOME COMPONENTS WITHIN THE CABINETS ARE NOT CONNECTED TO CHASSIS GROUND. ANY CONTACT BETWEEN FLOATING CIRCUITS AND THE CHASSIS IS A LETHAL SHOCK HAZARD.



# DANGER!

OBSERVE ALL BATTERY SAFETY PRECAUTIONS DURING SERVICE OF THE UPS OR BATTERIES. EVEN WITH THE BATTERY CIRCUIT BREAKER IN THE OFF POSITION, THE DANGER OF ELECTROCUTION MAY STILL BE PRESENT. THE BATTERY POWER TO THE UNIT MUST BE LOCKED AND TAGGED "OFF" BEFORE PERFORMING ANY SERVICE OR WORK ON THE UNIT. FAILURE TO FOLLOW THOSE INSTRUCTIONS AND THE INSTRUCTION LISTED ABOVE AND ELSEWHERE IN THIS MANUAL COULD RESULT IN AN EXPLOSION, FIRE, EQUIPMENT FAILURE, OR ELECTROCUTION.



## CAUTION!

EXERCISE EXTREME CARE WHEN HANDLING UPS AND BATTERY CABINETS TO AVOID EQUIPMENT DAMAGE OR INJURY TO PERSONNEL. CABINETS WEIGH SEVERAL HUNDRED POUNDS.



## CAUTION!

TEST LIFT AND BALANCE THE CABINETS BEFORE MOVING. MAINTAIN MINIMUM TILT FROM VERTICAL AT ALL TIMES. THE BOTTOM STRUCTURE WILL SUPPORT THE UNIT ONLY IF THE FORKLIFT FORKS ARE COMPLETELY UNDERNEATH THE UNIT.



## CAUTION!

INTERNAL BATTERY STRAPPING MUST BE SECURED BY THE CUSTOMER PRIOR TO CONNECTING THE BATTERY CABINETS TO THE UPS UNIT. THIS UNIT CONTAINS NON-SPILLABLE BATTERIES. KEEP THE UNIT UPRIGHT. DO NOT STACK. DO NOT TILT. ALWAYS FOLLOW THE BATTERY MANUFACTURER'S SAFETY INFORMATION TO PREVENT AN ACCIDENT THAT COULD RESULT IN INJURY OR DEATH.



## WARNING!

LEAD-ACID BATTERIES CONTAIN HAZARDOUS MATERIALS. BATTERIES MUST BE HANDLED, TRANSPORTED, AND RECYCLED OR DISCARDED IN ACCORDANCE WITH FEDERAL, STATE, AND LOCAL REGULATIONS. BECAUSE LEAD IS A TOXIC SUBSTANCE, LEAD-ACID BATTERIES SHOULD BE RECYCLED RATHER THAN DISCARDED.

DO NOT DISPOSE OF BATTERIES IN A FIRE, THE BATTERIES MAY EXPLODE.

DO NOT OPEN OR MUTILATE THE BATTERIES. RELEASED ELECTROLYTE IS HARMFUL TO THE SKIN AND EYES AND MAY BE TOXIC.

A BATTERY CAN HAVE A HIGH SHORT CIRCUIT CURRENT AND PRESENT A RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK. THE FOLLOWING PRECAUTIONS SHOULD BE OBSERVED WHEN WORKING ON BATTERIES:



Electrical Hazard



Electrical Hazard

1. REMOVE WATCHES, RINGS OR OTHER METAL OBJECTS.
2. USE TOOLS WITH INSULATED HANDLES.
3. WEAR RUBBER GLOVES AND BOOTS.
4. DO NOT LAY TOOLS OR METAL PARTS ON TOP OF BATTERIES.
5. DISCONNECT CHARGING SOURCE PRIOR TO CONNECTING OR DISCONNECTING BATTERY TERMINALS.
6. DETERMINE IF BATTERY IS INADVERTENTLY GROUNDED. IF SO, REMOVE THE SOURCE OF THE GROUND. CONTACT WITH ANY PART OF A GROUNDED BATTERY CAN RESULT IN ELECTRICAL SHOCK. THE LIKELIHOOD OF SUCH SHOCK WILL BE REDUCED IF SUCH GROUNDS ARE REMOVED DURING INSTALLATION AND MAINTENANCE.
7. LEAD-ACID BATTERIES CAN PRESENT A RISK OF FIRE BECAUSE THEY GENERATE HYDROGEN GAS. THE FOLLOWING PROCEDURES SHOULD BE FOLLOWED:
  - ❖ DO NOT SMOKE WHEN NEAR BATTERIES.
  - ❖ DO NOT CAUSE FLAME OR SPARK IN BATTERY AREA.
8. DISCHARGE STATIC ELECTRICITY FROM YOUR BODY BEFORE TOUCHING BATTERIES BY FIRST TOUCHING A GROUNDED SURFACE.

## CAUTION!



IN CASE OF FIRE INVOLVING ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT. ONLY CARBON DIOXIDE FIRE EXTINGUISHERS, OR THOSE APPROVED FOR USE ON ELECTRICAL EQUIPMENT, SHOULD BE USED. USE OF WATER ON FIRES INVOLVING LIVE HIGH VOLTAGE ELECTRICAL CIRCUITS COULD PRESENT AN ELECTROCUTION HAZARD.



## DANGER!



TO REDUCE THE RISK OF ELECTRICAL SHOCK; DISCONNECT THE EMERGENCY LIGHTING INVERTER SYSTEM FROM THE MAIN SUPPLY BEFORE INSTALLING AN INTERFACE SIGNAL CABLE. RECONNECT THE POWER ONLY AFTER SIGNALING INTERCONNECTIONS HAVE BEEN MADE.



DO NOT DISMANTLE THE EMERGENCY LIGHTING INVERTER SYSTEM.



## 1. INTRODUCTION

### 1.1. GENERAL

The principles of operation described herein are applicable to all models. The DSPM, Inc. Three Phase Emergency Lighting Inverters are manufactured to provide critical power for lighting during a power outage. The Three Phase Inverter meets or exceeds the life safety codes of UL924 and UL1778. These codes were established to allow the emergency lighting inverters to provide critical power to the lighting circuits during a power failure. The emergency lighting inverter will then provide power for 90 minutes that will allow safe and orderly evacuation from the facility.

The product is an advanced Emergency Lighting Inverter System based on Intelligent Microprocessor Control. The Emergency Lighting Inverter System is an intelligent protector and provides pure, reliable AC power to the emergency loads – protecting them from utility power blackouts, swells, sags, surges and interference. All types of lamps are supported by our lighting inverter.

Under normal power conditions, this design enables the system to adjust and filter power fluctuations continuously and automatically. In the event of a power failure, it can immediately provide back-up power from the batteries without any interruption. When the utility power is connected or reconnected, the charger will automatically recharge the batteries.

When input power to the Three Phase Inverter is lost during a power outage, the system will automatically draw power from its internal battery supply without any interruption. The critical load will receive only clean sine wave power. The internal VRLA (valve regulated lead-acid), maintenance-free batteries provide 90 minutes of backup power.

Upon restoration of input power, the Three Phase Inverter automatically resumes normal operation, and immediately begins to recharge the batteries. The Three Phase Inverter has an internal bypass circuit, which maintains the power to the load in case of internal UPS failure.

The Advanced Battery Management system in this unit uses a Digital Signal Processing/Pulse-Width Modulation (DSP/PWM) Smart Battery Monitoring System for managing the system batteries. The DSP/PWM Smart Battery Monitoring System is temperature compensated resulting in maintaining maximum runtime and battery life. The microprocessor controls recharge and the DSP/PWM offer overcharge protection.

The Three Phase Inverter Emergency Lighting incorporates double-conversion technology that provides perfect protection specifically for Egress Lighting for facilities. It is designed to provide continuous and clean electrical power to a critical load. The load is powered by the inverter, which receives its power from the building source. In the event of an input power failure, the UPS will supply power to the critical load for the specified battery time.


The inverter uses of a double-conversion principle eliminates all sources of unwanted power disturbances. A rectifier converts the alternating current from the building source to Direct Current (DC). This DC charges the batteries and powers the inverter. With the basic DC voltage, the inverter generates a sinusoidal alternating current (AC) voltage, which continuously supplies the load. In times of power outages, the 90-minute backup time that come standard in our units keep the load energized. If the input power is not restored promptly, backup power from the UPS battery permits the orderly shutdown of equipment supported by the UPS. The UPS is simple to start up, operate and maintain.

The Three Phase Inverter is a PWM inverter available in output rating of 3—150 kVA. All models have external batteries cabinet (s) in which the batteries are housed. It is listed for compliance to UL1778, UL924, UL924A and CSA107.1 standards. The Three Phase Inverter is available with an input or output voltages of 208, 240, 208Y/277, or 480Y/277 VAC, three phase. This information is provided on the System Labels located on the inside front door and the right side of the UPS. See Chapter 2 for a complete listing of the Three Phase Inverter specifications.

This manual provides an overview of the Three Phase Inverter components and their functions. The appearance and purpose of operator controls and indicators is described with procedures for operation, start-up, shutdown and basic maintenance included.

### 1.2. DEFINITIONS

**1.2.1. UNINTERRUPTIBLE POWER SUPPLY SYSTEM (UPS)** - All components within the UPS Module Cabinet and associated batteries, which function as a system to provide continuous, conditioned AC power

|  |  |        |                  |   |
|--|--|--------|------------------|---|
|  <b>DSPM INC.</b><br>DIGITAL SIGNAL POWER MANUFACTURER<br>www.DSPManufacturing.com | Title: Fortress Three Phase 480 and 480Y/277Vac        |        |                  | 439 S. Stoddard Avenue<br>San Bernardino, CA 92401<br>Ph: 1.877.DSPM POWER<br>1.877.377.6769<br>Fax: 909.930.3335 |
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to a load.

- 1.2.2. UPS MODULE CABINET** - The metal enclosure which contains the Rectifier / Charger, Inverter, Static Transfer Switch, Internal Bypass line, operator controls, batteries (up to 30kVA models only) and internal control systems required to provide specified AC power to a load.
- 1.2.3. UPS MODULE** - The Rectifier / Charger and Inverter assemblies which, under the direction of the internal control system and operator controls, provide specified AC power to a load.
- 1.2.4. RECTIFIER / CHARGER** - The UPS components which contain the equipment and controls necessary to convert input AC power to regulated DC power required for battery charging and for supplying power to the Inverter.
- 1.2.5. INVERTER** - The UPS components which contain the equipment and controls necessary to convert DC power from the Rectifier / Charger, or the battery, to AC power required by the critical load.
- 1.2.6. STATIC TRANSFER SWITCH - (OPTIONAL)** The device that connects the critical load to the bypass line when the Inverter cannot supply continuous power.
- 1.2.7. BYPASS LINE** - The line, which conducts electricity directly from the input power source to the critical load during Maintenance or whenever the UPS is not completely operational.
- 1.2.8. AC INPUT POWER** - Is the power provided by the electrical utility company, or auxiliary generator, which is connected to the UPS for supplying the critical load and recharging the battery.
- 1.2.9. BATTERY** - The rechargeable battery strings that supply DC power to the inverter to maintain continuous AC power to the load during AC input power failure conditions.

### 1.3 THEORY OF OPERATION

#### 1.3.1. Manual Bypass Mode

Applying Utility power to the input with the Bypass switch in its Manual/BPS position will place the unit into its Manual Bypass Mode. The battery charger is activated allowing the batteries to charge. The control boards will power-up, but the inverter will not turn on. Essentially, in this mode of operation, the Utility power is supplying the load.

#### 1.3.2. Online Mode

Applying Utility power to the input with the Bypass switch in its Auto/UPS position will place the unit into its Online Mode. The battery charger is activated allowing the batteries to charge. The control boards will power-up and a series of system test are performed. If all test are passed, the user can request through the pressing of a button or throwing of a switch that the inverter turns on. The controlling CPU will signal the user via the unit's display that the inverter has been turned-on.

#### 1.3.3. Standby Mode

After power is applied, a self-check starts. During this period, the start subroutine checks for the input voltage and proper operation of the inverter. After the routine is completed and checks confirmed to be OK, the system goes into the Standby mode.

#### 1.3.4. Response To Total Input Power Failure

When input powers sources fails, the battery bank becomes a DC supply source to the inverter; allowing the protected load to be maintained for a finite amount of time (Based on the runtime of the unit). The Control panel will display a message indicating that the battery is discharging. When the input power returns, the message will be extinguished, battery begin to charge, and the system returns to the mode that it was in prior to the outage. If the battery voltage drops below the Battery manufacturer's recommended level and the facility power remains off, the system will turn-off.

#### 1.3.5. UPS Failure

The System controller will issue a FAILURE message, turn-off the inverter, or shutoff the unit when certain conditions occur (Refer to Appendix). During a FAILURE, the system stops its backup operation and remains in this mode until power is cycled or the system has been repaired.

#### 1.3.6. UPS Problem

The System controller will issue a UPS PROBLEM message on the display if any of the following conditions occur:

- Input power failure

- Output overload

During an input power failure, the inverter remains on and the battery will supply power up to the time that the voltage drops below 10Vdc per battery. The system will reset itself as soon as the problems disappears. During an output overload, the inverter turns off and an alarm signal will be sent to the signal interface. A manual reset is required once the problem is cleared.

#### 1.4. OUTPUT LOADS

The Three Phase inverter is designed to power any lighting system. There are, however, certain types of loads that exhibit an excessive inrush current when first turned on or at other times during operation. The capacity of the Fortress 3 may need to be greater than what would be estimated based on the system label requirements of loads previously discussed. Contact the factory directly if you have any questions about powering unusual loads from your Fortress 3.

#### 1.5. OPTIONS (See Unit Options for details)

The following options are available with the Three Phase Inverter:

1. **ECM120 and ECM277**—Environmental Control Module
2. **NOF**—Normally OFF Circuit 120Vac or 277Vac
3. **NOH**—Normally OFF “Hold On” Circuit 120Vac or 277Vac
4. **OCB**—Output Circuit Breaker/(s) 120Vac or 277Vac
5. **EPO**—Emergency Power Off
6. **EPO**—Emergency Power Off
7. **RSSP**—Remote Indicator Panel
8. **SNMP**—SNMP Card
9. **FAX**—Fax Modem
10. **MB**—Modbus Interface
11. **FC**—Form C Contacts
12. **STU3**—Onsite Startup
13. **EW**—Extended Warranty

#### 1.6 OVERVIEW

The UPS provides two power paths between the utility source and the critical load. Figure 1 shows the path for normal operation, with the load powered from the inverter. Figure 2 shows the path for bypass operation, with the load supplied through the static bypass line.

The Input circuit breaker (MCCB) for protection of the UPS and cables are field supplied and field installed. (See WARNING 2 in section 1.0)



##### 1.6.A. Normal Operation

During normal operation, the path through the Contactor and Static Bypass switch is used to power the load. Referring to Figure 1: the rectifiers convert Input AC power to DC. DC power is utilized to charge the UPS battery system (AC to DC Rectifier). The Inverter also convert AC to DC (Rectifier) to be able to generate AC power to supply the critical load when the 3Φ source is lost. The conversion - inversion process eliminates any voltage transients or fluctuations existing in the input power before it reaches the critical load.

##### 1.6.B. Manual Bypass Operation

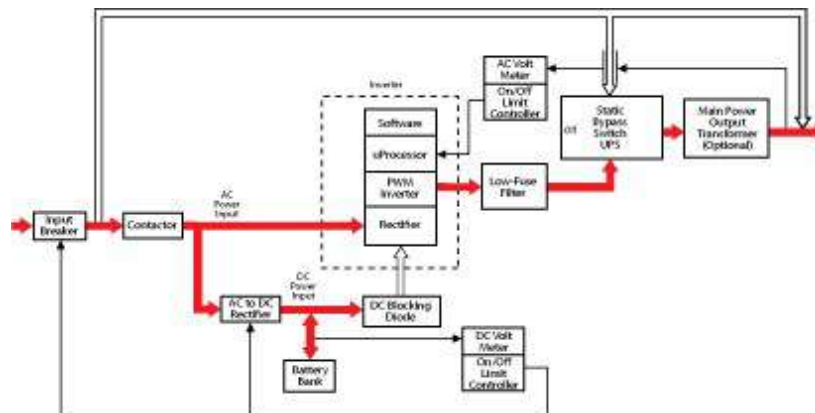


Figure 1 Single Line Drawing - Normal Operation

Refer to Figure 2. A Manual Bypass Switch is provided as a standard feature of the DSPM's UPS. This switch is to bypass the inverter logic incase of failure, to enable the end user function until service can be performed. The advantage of this form of bypass is that the input filtering is still providing protection to the critical loads on the UPS. Figure 2 illustrates the flow diagram when the UPS has been manually bypassed.

1.6.C. AC Loss/Battery Operation

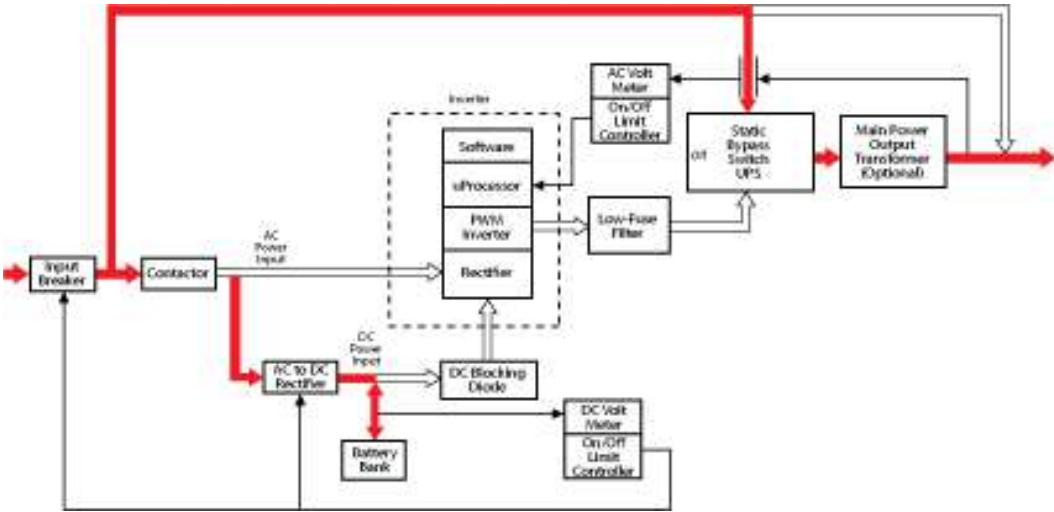


Figure 2 Single Line Drawing - Static Bypass Operation

Referring to Figure 3, if input powers is interrupted, the Battery bank will immediately supply the DC power required by the Inverter to maintain continuous AC power to the load. A fully charged battery bank will provide power for the specified time at the rated load, or longer at reduced load.

In the event of a power failure, the rectifiers will de-energize and the batteries will discharge into the Inverter and maintain power to the critical load until a) the battery capacity expires and the inverter turns off, or b) input power is restored after which the rectifiers will power the inverter and simultaneously recharge the batteries. Figure 3 illustrates the flow diagram during battery operation.

When power is restored after a low battery shutdown, the rectifiers automatically restart and, recharge the batteries and the Inverter is automatically restarted without operator intervention. The inverter automatically, without operator intervention, resumes powering the Rectifier.

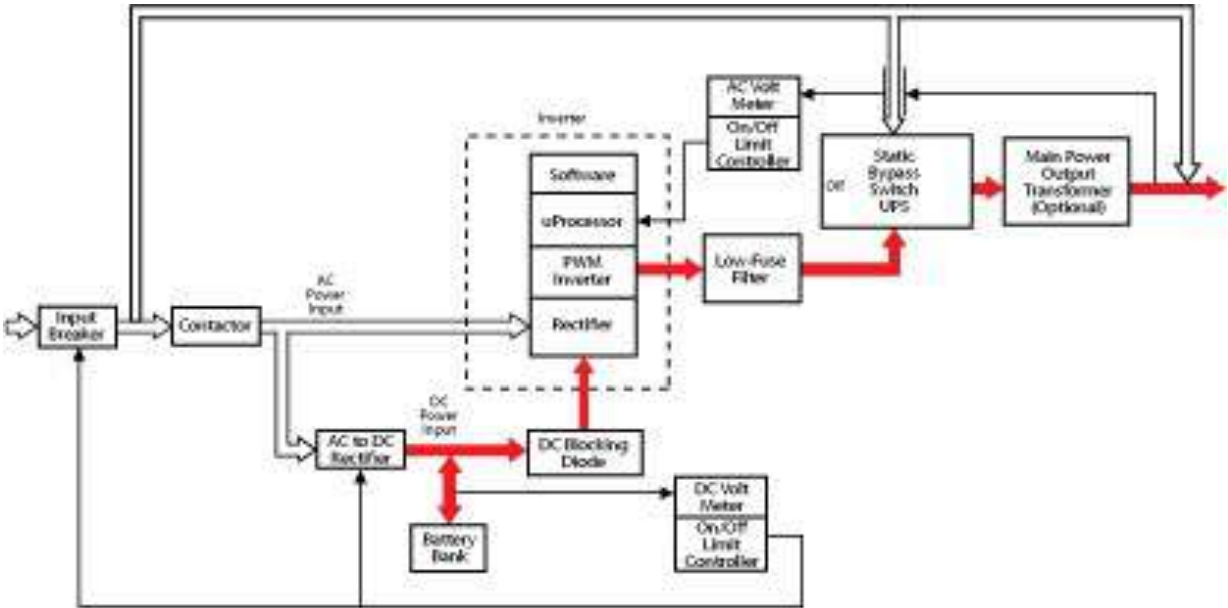
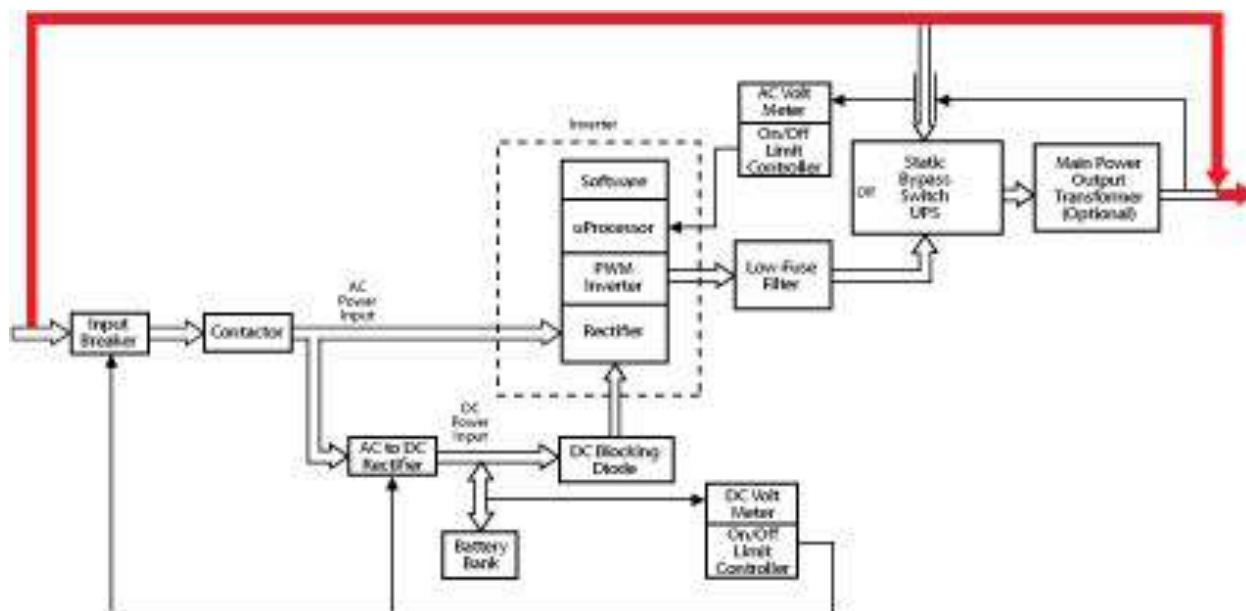


Figure 3 Single Line Drawings -AC Loss/Battery Operation

#### 1.6.D. External Maintenance Bypass (EMB) Operation (Optional)

There is an optional External Maintenance Bypass which supplies the critical load with unconditioned input power. The purpose of this option is to route power to the critical load while the UPS' rectifier and inverter are de-energized, and during Start-up before the system is fully operational (refer to Figure 4).

With the External Maintenance Bypass there is a hard wired bypass that can be operated after the Static Bypass Switch has been operated, making it possible to isolate the entire UPS for service and maintenance. The internal control system determines the operation of the normal and External Maintenance Bypass paths, with the load powered from the inverter being the normal operation.



**Figure 4 Single Line Drawings –External Maintenance Bypass Operation**

## 2. SPECIFICATIONS

The Three Phase Inverter maintains efficient AC Emergency Power to operate all emergency lighting fixtures at “full-light” output, providing superior dependability and security to commercial/industrial environments in a small footprint. The UPS System Label displays the rated kW as well as nominal voltages. There are System Labels located on the interior side of the UPS front door and the exterior side of the unit.

Table 1

| 3Φ<br>Fortress<br>Series                          | Power<br>Rating | UPS                |     |     | Battery            |     |     | Weight          | Battery<br>Type                                     | Voltage<br>(VAC) |        | Output<br>Protection                                | Safety<br>Approvals                           |  |
|---|-----------------|--------------------|-----|-----|--------------------|-----|-----|-----------------|---|------------------|--------|---|---|--|
|   |                 | Cabinet Dimensions |     |     | Cabinet Dimensions |     |     | (Com-<br>bined) |   | Input            | Output |   |   |  |
| FT3<br><br>(Consult Fac-<br>tory For oth-<br>ers) | KVA/KW          | W                  | H   | D   | W                  | H   | D   | (lbs)           | Sealed<br>Maintenance<br>Free (AGM)<br>Lead Calcium | Input            | Output | Input and<br>output circuit<br>breakers<br>standard | UL924<br>UL1778<br>NFPA 101<br>NFPA 70<br>NEC |  |
|   | 3.0             | 41"                | 48" | 32" | Not required       |     |     | 1480            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 4.5             | 41"                | 72" | 32" | Not required       |     |     | 1600            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 6.0             | 41"                | 72" | 32" | Not required       |     |     | 1850            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 8.0             | 41"                | 72" | 32" | Not required       |     |     | 2200            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 10.0            | 41"                | 72" | 32" | Not required       |     |     | 2750            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 12.0            | 41"                | 72" | 32" | 41"                | 72" | 32" | 3200            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 16.0            | 41"                | 72" | 32" | 41"                | 72" | 32" | 3450            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 20.0            | 41"                | 72" | 32" | 41"                | 72" | 32" | 4300            |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 24.0            | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 30.0            | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 40.0            | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 50.0            | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 60.0            | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 80.0            | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 100.0           | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |
|   | 125.0           | Consult Factory    |     |     |                    |     |     |                 |   |                  |        |   |   |  |

### 2.1. POWER RATING

Three to one-hundred and twenty-five Kilowatt (or 3,000 Watts - 125,000 Watts) three phase output unit uses the latest DSP/PWM technology to provide the most advanced performance and reliability features.

### 2.2. INPUT

208Y/120, 480Y/277, 208 or 480VAC input 60Hz

### 2.3. OUTPUT

208Y/120 or 480Y/277VAC True “on-line” design is ≥99% efficient at 100% linear load

### 2.4. BATTERIES

2.4.1. Sealed, maintenance-free, lead calcium (AGM) batteries

2.4.2. 10-Year prorated warranty

2.4.3. DSP/PWM Smart Battery Monitoring System is **TEMPERATURE COMPENSATED** maintaining maximum runtime and battery life

2.4.4. Microprocessor controlled recharge and DSP/PWM overcharge protection standard

### 2.5. LAMPS AND LOADS

2.5.1. Emergency power provides **FULL LIGHT OUTPUT** from all lamps and fixtures for the entire runtime

2.5.2. Operates fluorescent, compact fluorescent, incandescent, quartz, H.I.D., LED and other lamp types

2.5.3. Standard or electronic ballasts, dimming devices or panels, sensors and most control equipment

2.5.4. Standard or LED Exits and other safety equipment

### 2.6. CODES

2.6.1. Listed to UL 924, meets NFPA 101, NFPA 70, NEC and OSHA standards

2.6.2. Cities of Chicago and New York approved

2.6.3. Complies with the Buy American Act

### 2.7. PROTECTION

2.7.1. Provides overload, surge and undercurrent protection using DSP/PWM technology and DSPM Watchdog Software to protect system performance and reliability

2.7.2. Surge protection against load surges as defined in ANSI/IEEE C62.45 category A and B



## 2.8. DIAGNOSTICS AND MAINTENANCE

- 2.8.1. DSP/PWM technology and DSPM *Watchdog Software* provides complete self diagnostic capabilities and LED Monitoring
- 2.8.2. Informative advanced Display and Alarms keep you in control of your emergency lighting environment 24/7
- 2.8.3. Automatically performs periodic self-tests ensuring a safely lighted environment *prior* to an emergency. The three phase power supplies are able to do a 5 minute battery run the first of every month except for New Year's day when the test is for 90 minute. The testing can be enabled by going to the Autorun screen and selecting Yes or No with the Menu Forward or Menu Reverse button. When the battery test happens the rectifier is turned off, and the batteries will sustain the load on the output. If the voltage dips too low the test is terminated prematurely, and a entry is recorded in the alarm log accordingly. Two minutes into the battery run test the voltage, power date, and time are logged in the battery log. This is a feature that is standard in our 3-phase power supplies.
- 2.8.4. Single point of testing instead of multiple testing points with battery packs
- 2.8.5. Water Dots are placed on every shelf and door panel to indicate if moisture is present or has got inside the unit. The Dots are originally white in color but will turn red when water are absorbed.

## 2.9. CABINET

- 2.9.1. Modular design enables flexible installation
- 2.9.2. Forced air cooling for maximum reliability
- 2.9.3. All systems are self contained and require external battery cabinet (s)

## 2.10. INSTALLATION

- 2.10.1. Modular design and small footprint allow easy installation in electrical closet or other convenient locations
- 2.10.2. Phone assisted factory start-up standard for all systems
- 2.10.3. Extended warranty available

## 2.11. SPECIAL APPLICATIONS

- 2.11.1. DSPM offers numerous UL924 optional devices to meet unusual or difficult application parameters
- 2.11.2. ECM - Environmental Circuit Module allows fixtures and lamps on the emergency circuit (s) to be operated by normal switching and/or dimming devices in NON-emergency conditions
- 2.11.3. Dimming Panel Interface allows use with emergency lights controlled by common dimmer panel

## 2.12. WARRANTY

- 2.12.1. One-Year full warranty on system electronics
- 2.12.2. Battery warranty 1-year with 9-years pro-rated
- 2.12.3. System 1-year on-site warranty labor with DSPM phone assisted start-up
- 2.12.4. Five-Year Power Train warranty
- 2.12.5. Maintenance contracts available

## 3. FIELD REPLACEABLE UNITS (FRUS)

Each FRUS comes with detail instructions of how the part should be performed. At the ends of most wires/cables are labels that indicates their locations. When ordering replacement parts from the factory, supply the information from the System Label (refer to Technical Assistance section in this manual). Include the model number, serial number, input/output voltages, and power rating when ordering parts. Replacement parts must be replaced by qualified factory trained service personnel only.

**Circuit boards and IGBTs contain ESDS (Electro-Static Discharge Susceptible) components. Handle and package ESDS devices in accordance with JEDEC standard JESD625-A. Use a grounded ESD wrist strap when handling the devices and circuit boards. Always package components and circuit boards in static-dissipative plastic bags or the static-dissipative material that the FRUS came in before transporting (Even if a device has failed). Failure to do so could result in further damage, complicating repair and failure analysis.**



### 3.1. MOTHER/MONITOR BOARD

The Mother/Monitor Board is located on the inside right door at the top and mounted with 8 screws (Four at each corners and 4 at the middle of each side). Verify that all connectors are matches with their designations and pins #1, 2, etc (**Note:** all plugs and connections are not used!) Unplug JP1 on daughter board and all connectors from J1 through P17 on Mother Board or P1 through P26 on Monitor Board. Install the new board. Reconnect all plugs and connections returning them to their original orientations.

### 3.2. All Other Parts

Verify that the cables are marked before disconnecting. Replace the defective part with the new part. Reconnect wiring the same way as it was disconnected.

## 4. TRANSPORTATION, INSPECTION, AND INSTALLATION

### 4.1. HOW TO TRANSPORT THE SYSTEM

**Note:** Do not transport in a horizontal position. Cabinets should be maintained upright within +/- 15° of the vertical during handling.

### 4.2. INSPECTION

- 4.2.1. Upon receipt, inspect the container and pallet for shipping damage. If there was any damage during transportation; **Do Not turn on the unit.** Immediately notify the shipping agent/transportation carrier and DSPM. If no damage is evident, move the packed DSPM UPS to its installation location.



**The packaging is recyclable; keep it for reuse or please disposed of it.**



- 4.2.2. Using care to avoid puncturing the shipping material with any sharp objects, which would damage the contents, open the shipping material by carefully removing any banding and shipping material from the sides, ends and top.
- 4.2.3. Remove the packing and vapor barrier and inspect the equipment for any obvious shipping damage. It is recommended that the units not be loosened from the shipping pallet until after all handling by forklift or pallet jack is completed.
- 4.2.4. Immediately file a claim with the shipping agency if any damage, as a result of shipping, is observed.
- 4.2.5. Follow these steps to inspect all surfaces for abrasions and dents:
- 4.2.5.1. Open the front door of the cabinet.
  - 4.2.5.2. Verify that all the transformers, inductors, electrical, and electronic devices are firmly mounted.
  - 4.2.5.3. Verify that the transformer coils and terminal lugs are free of contact with any grounded metal surface and that the transformer terminal wires are securely connected.
  - 4.2.5.4. Verify that the internal Wiring is not damaged.
  - 4.2.5.5. Verify that all wires to and from the output filter assembly, input filter assembly, inverter assembly, and bypass switch are securely connected.
  - 4.2.5.6. Verify that the circuit breakers are firmly seated and that the wires are securely connected.
  - 4.2.5.7. Inspect all batteries for damage (cracks, leaks, loose connections, etc.,)
  - 4.2.5.8. Reinstall all panels, covers and close all doors.

### 4.3 LOCATION AND PLACEMENT

- 4.3.1. Before starting, check the load tolerance of the floor and verify that the floor will be able to support the UPS at its final destination and the route to get it there. After verifying the weights verify that when the unit is placed in its final position that the minimum clearances required have been met. Install the Emergency Lighting Inverter System in a protected area with adequate airflow and free from excessive dust. Do not operate the Emergency Lighting Inverter System where the temperature and humidity is out of the specified limits. Water Dots are placed on every shelf and door panel to indicate if moisture is present or has got inside the unit. The Dots are originally white in color but will turn red when water is absorbed.

**WARNING:** Condensation of water may occur if the system is unpacked in a very low temperature environment. In this case it is necessary to wait until the system is fully dry inside before proceeding with the connection of any power; otherwise an electrical shock hazards might exist. Installation and wiring must be performed in accordance with the local electrical code and under the guidance or instructions of professional personnel.



**Note:** Per code requirements, leave 3" on each side of the cabinet (including the back) and 3 foot clearance in front (Refer to Figure 6).



Storage of the system should be in a cool and dry area with the unit being upright and covered. The warranty can be affected if the unit is stored for more then 3 months without charging the batteries.

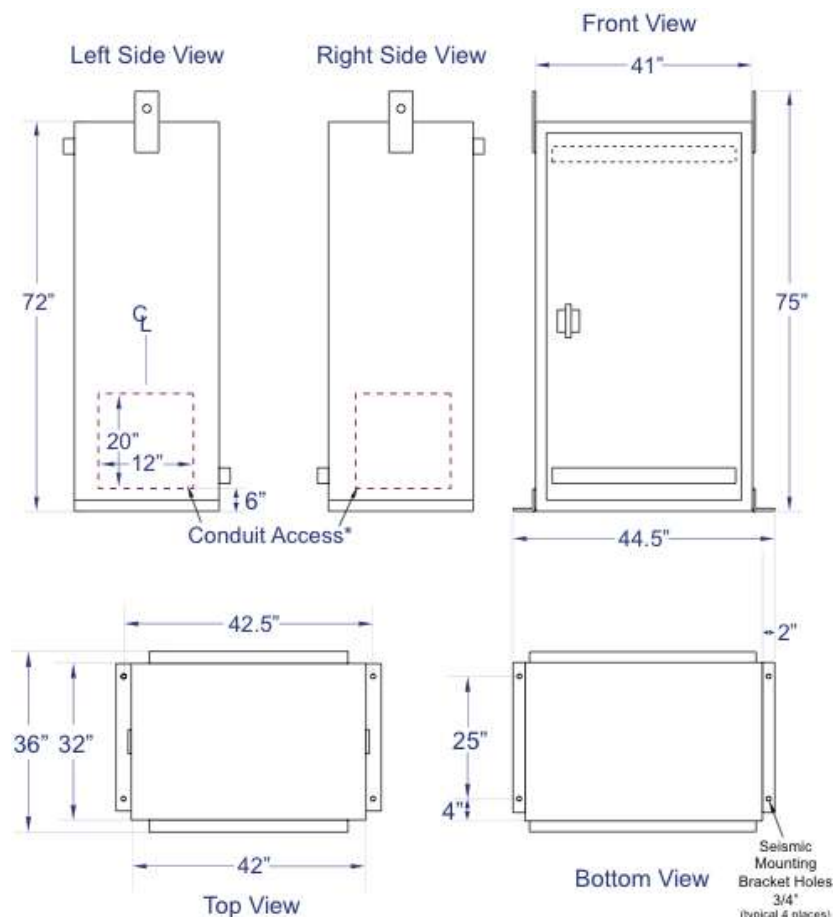
**Operating Temperature:** 0° to 40°C (32° to 104°F); **Storage Temperature:** -20° to 60°C (-4° to 140°F)



Using Figure 5, another approach that can be used is to take the ELI and center it between the four pairs of battery cabinets and maintain the same distance and wire/cable size.



Figure 6



## 5. DESCRIPTION

### 5.1. DESCRIPTION OF BATTERY CABINET/S

#### 5.1.A. BATTERY CABINET BREAKER ASSEMBLY

The Battery Cabinet Breaker Assembly is located inside the right door of the UPS Battery Cabinet (see Figures 15a or b). Located on the Breaker Assembly are the Battery String Breakers (two strings per cabinet), the Battery Cabinet Interconnect Terminals, and optional Alarm Contacts Terminals.



Electrical Hazard

***Lethal voltages exist within the cabinet, even when the unit is de-energized. Only qualified service personnel with adequate training must service this equipment.***



Electrical Hazard

##### 5.1.A.1. Battery Breaker Assembly

The breakers provide protection of overload and short circuit and should only be replaced with like breakers.

##### 5.1.A.2. Battery/UPS Cabinet Interconnect Terminals

There are Two (2) sets of terminal blocks that are used for the connection of the battery voltage to and from the UPS Cabinet. The other two terminal blocks are for the optional alarm contacts to the battery cabinet. When making the interconnection between the UPS Cabinet and the Battery Cabinet it is imperative that power connections being connected observing all proper polarities?

### 5.2. DESCRIPTION OF UPS CABINET (S)

#### 5.2.B. SYSTEM COMPONENT LAYOUT

The following layouts will help you find the parts and components in your Emergency Lighting Inverter. **Maintenance should only be performed by factory-trained or qualified personnel.** Do not attempt to service. If you need technical assistance, please contact DSPM.

### 5.3. DESCRIPTION OF AC INPUT AND AC OUTPUT TERMINALS BLOCKS

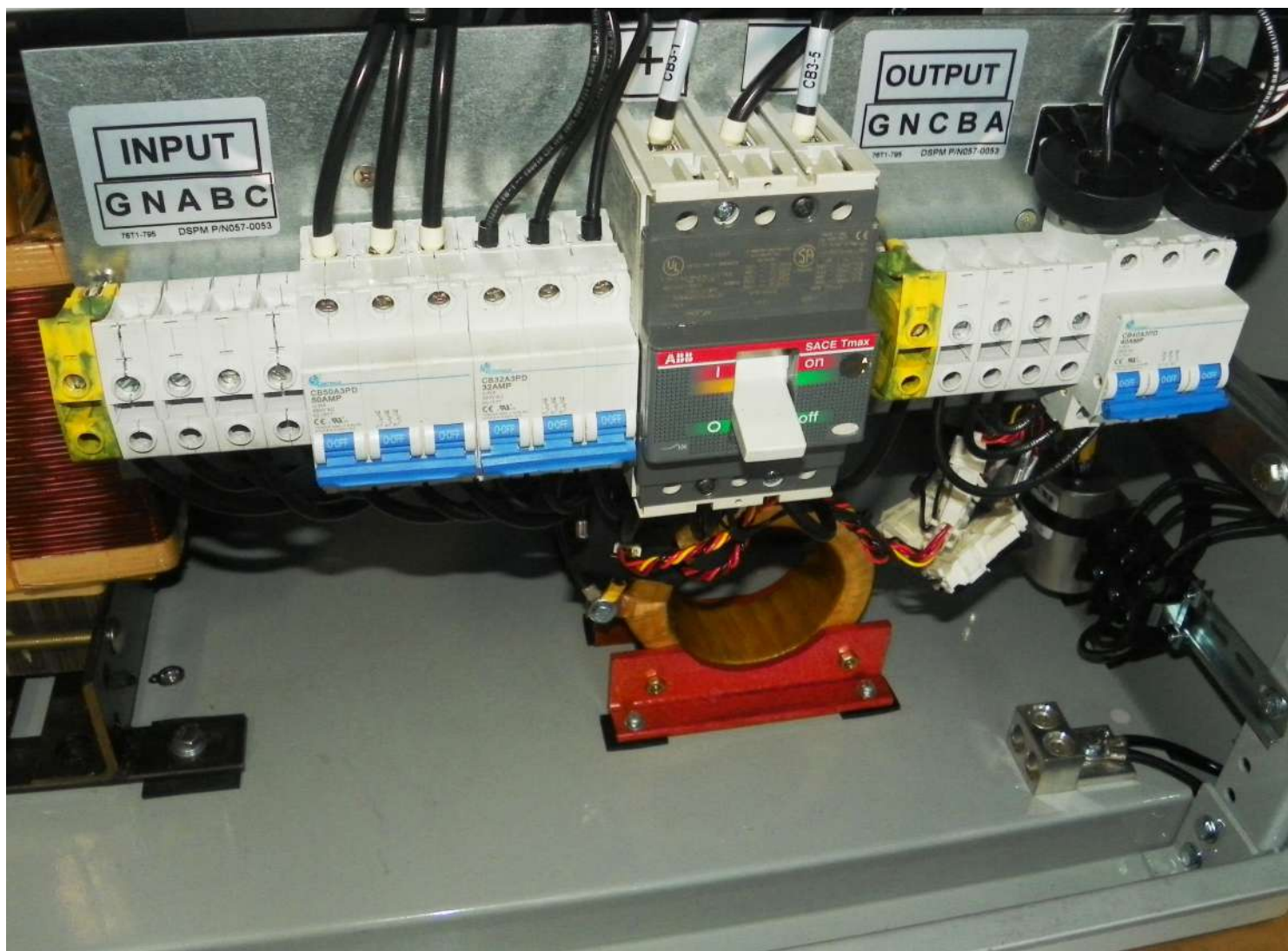


Figure 7

The AC Input, AC Output Terminals Blocks are provided for the connection of incoming power and the connection of the load (equipment) intended to be powered by the UPS. Refer to the appropriate Component layout for these connections and their locations in the UPS Cabinet.

### 5.4. MANUAL BYPASS SWITCH DESCRIPTION

In most units, this switch is located on the inside of the left door of the system (See system component diagram for exact location). The bypass switch is used in case of a failure of the lighting inverter. If the lighting inverter fails, place the bypass switch in the “MAN” position. In this position the inverter section is bypassed allowing the load to be powered by the utility until the inverter can be repaired. In case of system failure, contact factory for service. The Manual Bypass Switch is used to bypass the electronic (inverter) when the system have failed. The Manual Bypass Switch should never be operated when the UPS is supporting the load. The rotation of this switch will turn off the inverter. The Load will be fed from the Utility until the switch is place back into the UPS position, and the inverter is returned back to operation.



***Lethal voltages exist within the cabinet, even when the unit is on bypass. Only qualified service personnel with adequate training must service this equipment.***



**NOTE:** Operation of the bypass switch will cause the inverter switch to static bypass and turn off the inverter if it was running.

**WARNING:** The manual bypass switch should only be operated by authorized personnel.

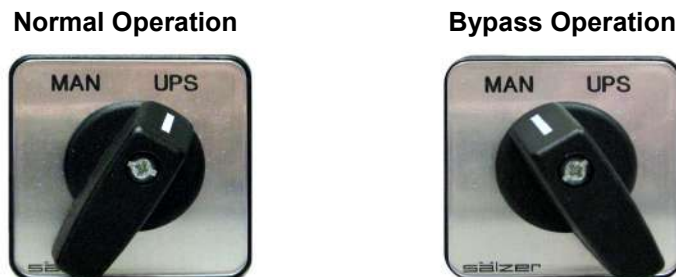


Figure 8

## 5.5. INPUT AND OUTPUT POWER REQUIREMENTS / CONNECTIONS

After unpacking and inspecting the Inverter System for shipping damage and reporting any such damage to the carrier, it is vital that the input power be connected correctly at the required voltages. It is highly recommended that a qualified electrician make all input and output power connections. It is vital that a true ground be brought into the unit, not a neutral. The ground conductor should be the same size as the two input / primary voltage phase conductors. The input power connections to the UPS come from building supplied services.

## 5.6. SYSTEM CURRENT RATINGS

All circuit breakers provided by the end user that are connected to the inputs and outputs, need to be of the "High Inrush" type. This is to prevent the breakers from tripping during the startup of the unit and its load. DSPM uses only the "High Inrush" type of breaker in its units. Refer to the Figure 11 when determining the size of your input and output breakers.

## 5.7. GROUNDING

The Ground Terminals centralize the system grounds for routing back to the building service entry panel and the output load. The equipment grounding electrode terminals are all tied to a single point within the cabinet along with all grounds from within the UPS cabinet. This single point functions as a true, single-point ground. The output neutral point, equipment ground, transformer core, cabinet and system ground are all tied together at one point.



**DO NOT CONNECT THE UPS GROUND WIRE TO ANY FORM OF AN ISOLATED GROUND SYSTEM. SUCH A CONNECTION WOULD RESULT IN A SAFETY HAZARD, AND UNDER GROUND FAULT CONDITIONS OR LIGHTNING STRIKES, MAY CAUSE SEVERE SYSTEM DAMAGE.**



## 6. INSTALLATION

### 6.1. INSTALLING BATTERIES

Please refer to the following when installing and maintaining batteries:

- 6.1.1. Servicing of batteries should be performed or supervised by personnel knowledgeable of batteries and the required precautions. Keep unauthorized personnel away from batteries. When installing or replacing batteries, install or replace with the same number and type.
- 6.1.2. Do not dispose of battery or batteries in a fire. The battery may explode.
- 6.1.3. Do not open or mutilate the battery or batteries. Released electrolyte is harmful to the skin and eyes and may be toxic.
- 6.1.4. A battery can present a risk of electrical shock and high short circuit current. The following precautions should be observed when working on batteries:
  - 6.1.4.1. Remove watches, rings, or other metal objects.
  - 6.1.4.2. Use tools with insulated handles.
  - 6.1.4.3. Wear rubber gloves and boots.
  - 6.1.4.4. Do not lay tools or metal parts on top of batteries.





- 6.1.5. Make sure the proper polarity is observed. DC bus voltage for a forty-four (44) battery string should be between 528 and 598.4 Vdc and for a forty-five (45) battery string should be between 540 and 612 Vdc as tested at the top of TB3: Battery Terminal Block (Refer to System Component Layout).
- 6.1.6. When connecting batteries, you must connect the individual batteries into string (s). Please see battery layout on the inside left door of your Battery Cabinet. Note: Layout illustrate the number of batteries in a string, number of batteries per shelf, and their jumpers placements (i.e., negative of first battery to positive of the second battery, negative of the second battery to positive of third battery, etc.). Cabinets' intra-connects provided by others that are installing unit.

Each battery cabinet has two strings of batteries. Each string has a quantity of 44 or 45 of a 35AH battery. The 35AH batteries are WP Series U1-35 SLA with T5 terminals (Data sheet attached). The battery placement is 14 or 15 batteries per shelf depending on string length. When the string is 44 (refer to Figure 9) two of the shelves will have one row of 7 and one row of 8 batteries and the last shelf will have two rows of 7 batteries connected. When the string is 45 each shelf will have one row of seven and a second row of eight batteries. The row of eight are placed along the front using space created by pocket area between the cabinet shelf supports (refer to Figure 10).

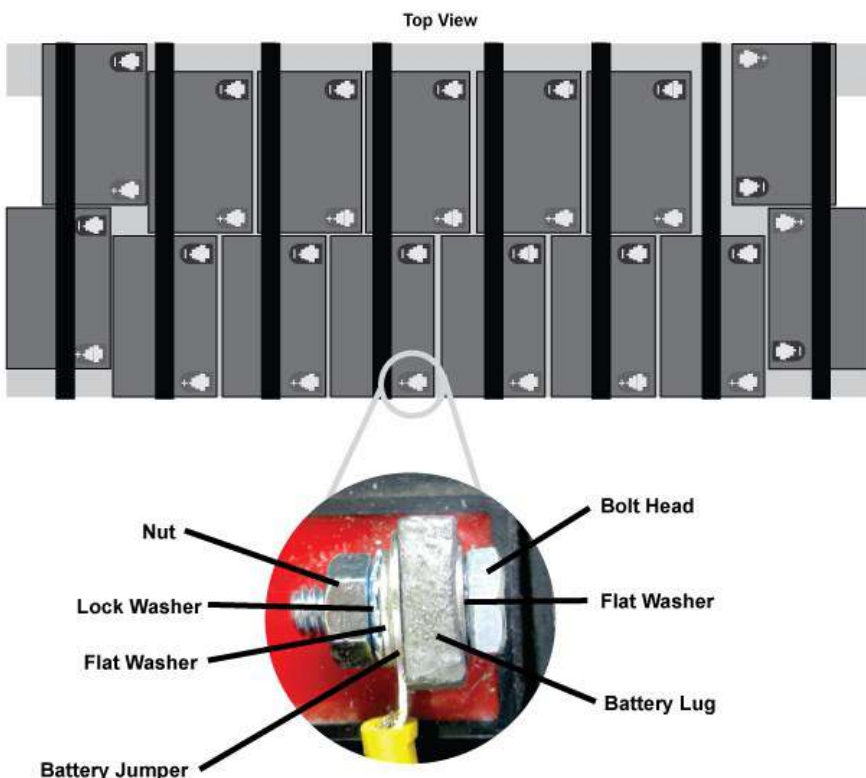


Figure 9

Typical All Batteries

The first battery of each shelf is placed inside right corner of the shelf with the shortest dimension, the width, and positive terminal against the back of the cabinet. The first string of 44 or 45 are on the first three shelves, and the second string of 44 or 45 are on the bottom three shelves. There are battery-to-battery jumpers and shelf-to-shelf battery jumpers provided. The shelf-to-shelf jumpers are standardized to cover many power levels. The battery-to-battery jumpers are the same gauge or smaller as

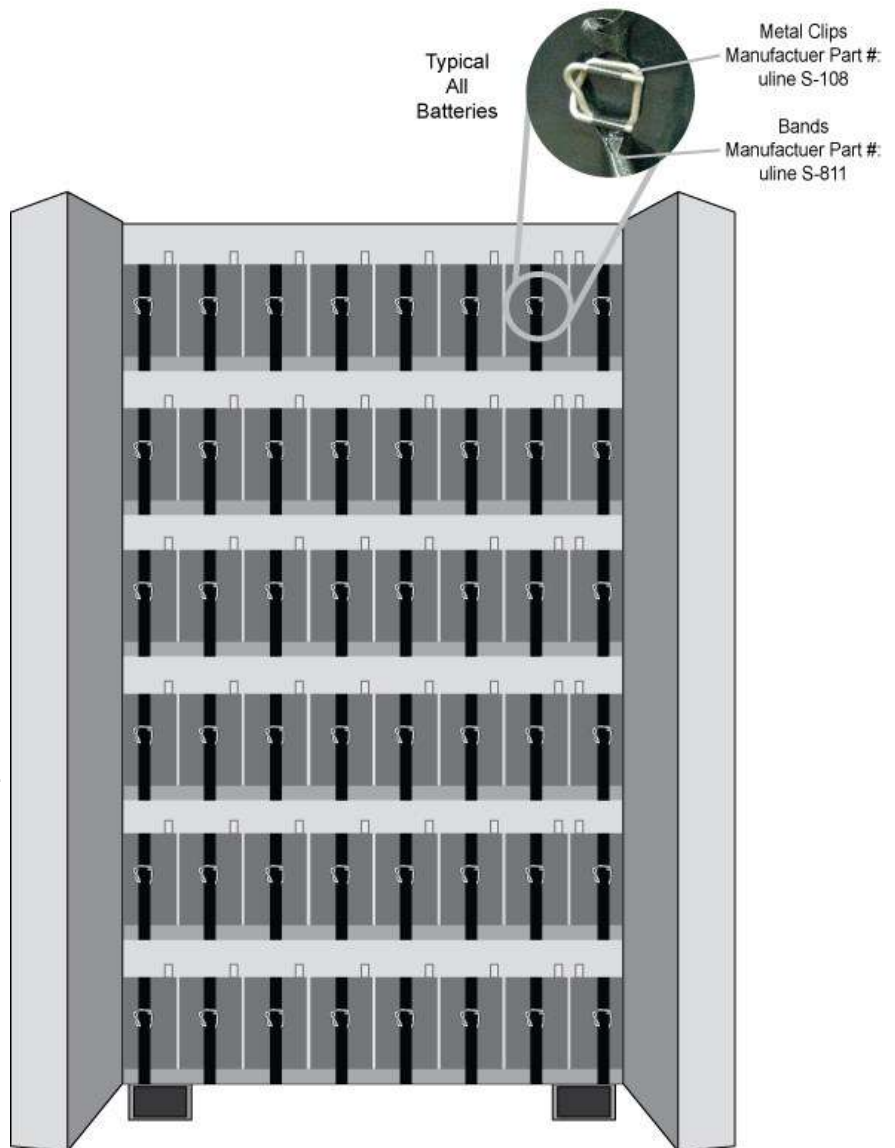
the shelf-to-shelf battery jumpers.

Installation starts by connecting the positive shelf-to-shelf battery jumper (**WARNING: Be careful not to touch or ground yourself or tools to anything while installing jumpers!**). As each battery is placed install the battery to battery jumpers until all batteries are installed on the shelf. Finally connect the negative shelf-to-shelf jumper to complete the battery shelf installation (Refer to Figure 10 for the individual shelf and a whole cabinet).

After creating each string of batteries, ensure that each string (Each string is either 44 or 45 batteries total) consist of the number of batteries indicated by the battery layout and the measured voltage from the first to the last battery is within the voltage range stated above.

The first and last battery of each string are then connected to the isolation breakers in the right-side battery cabinet door. See attached image-general breaker arrangement. The battery cabinet shelf-to-circuit breaker jumpers are pre-wired into the cabinet. The installer measures the DC voltage across each circuit breaker to verify polarity and voltage after battery installation. If the polarity and voltage are correct, then the terminal blocks above the breakers provide for wiring each string back to the inverter cabinet.

The inverter cabinet parallels the strings. The inverter cabinet has multiple battery string terminal blocks. Refer to System Component Layout. The number matches the number of strings coming back from the battery cabinets. For example, if there are four strings over two battery cabinets, then a total of eight cables run back from the battery cabinets to the inverter cabinet. Each cabinet would have four wires, two negative and two positive coming from it.



#### Whole Cabinet – Two Strings of 45 Batteries

Figure 10

The positive and negative terminal blocks in the inverter cabinet are grouped by polarity. This ensures positive and negative string connections are not inadvertently shorted together. Each cabinet string has a separate run back to the inverter cabinet. Each cabinet string should be brought online one at a time by setting the string's circuit breaker to the ON position. Verify that the breaker does not trip, since that would indicate a swapped string connection. If you have any further questions about battery connections please contact DSPM Service Department: at 1(877)377-6769.

**6.1.A. CHARGING OF THE BATTERIES:** The Emergency Lighting Inverter System charges its battery whenever it is connected to utility power and the input circuit breakers (CB1) is turned on. Disconnect charging source prior to connecting or disconnecting battery terminals. For the best results, charge the battery for 24 hours after they are hooked up and the ELI is brought on line.

#### 6.2. INPUT POWER CONNECTIONS

It is highly recommended that a qualified electrician make all input power connections. The input power should be connected correctly at the required voltages and the ground cable should be of the same gauge as the input power cables. In the 150KVA system it is vital that a true ground be brought into the unit, not a

neutral. Ensure that the utility power to be connected is rated as on the system label. Make sure the hots, neutral and grounds are correctly identified and wired to the input terminal block as designated. Phase rotation should be checked and verified for clockwise rotation. The DSPM UPS System will automatically configure the phase rotation in the forward direction (even if the input power is miss-wired). However, the output of the DSPM UPS System will not automatically configure the phase rotation in the forward direction while in the bypass (manual) mode. Therefore, the DSPM UPS System output power should be checked for proper forward phase rotation while in the bypass mode.

The input power connections to the UPS come from the building supplied services. These connections are made inside the UPS cabinet in one of two ways, depending on whether the unit is a 50 or a 150KVA (refer to the proper System Component Layout). In the 50KVA, the input cables are connected to a five (5) pole terminal block(TB1) which is comprised of three (3) input power, neutral, and ground connections. In the 150KVA, the input cables are connected to the Input Circuit Breaker CB2 and an adjacent grounding terminal block. The Output Power Connections are comprised of three (3) output power connections and a chassis ground.

### 6.3. OUTPUT POWER CONNECTIONS

It is highly recommended that a qualified electrician make all input power connections. The output power should be connected correctly at the required voltages and the ground cable should be of the same gauge as the output power cables. Ensure that the loads to be connected are as listed on the system label, and the hots, neutral and grounds are correctly identified and are wired to the output terminal block as designated. Loads not powered by the system cannot use the neutral of the Emergency Lighting Inverter System.

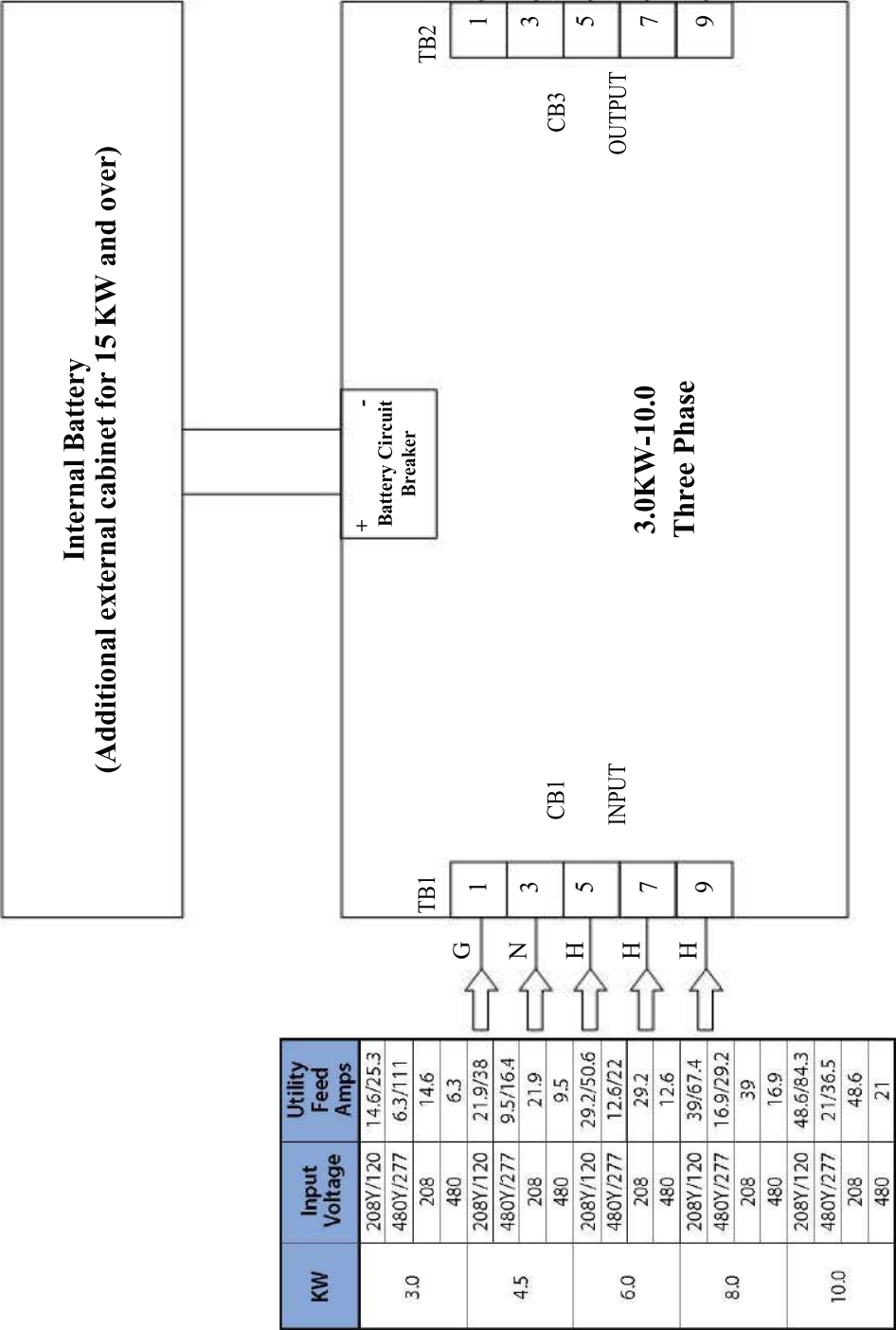
Do not bond the output neutral to chassis ground! The system has been bonded as required by the manufacturer and National Electrical Code.



These connections are made inside the UPS cabinet in one of two ways, depending on whether the unit is a 50 or a 150KVA (refer to the proper System Component Layout). In the 50KVA, the output cables are connected to a five (5) pole terminal block(TB1) which is comprised of three (3) output power, neutral, and ground connections. In the 150KVA the output cables are connected to the Output Circuit Breaker CB4 and an adjacent chassis grounding terminal block (TB2). The Output Power Connections are comprised of three (3) output power connections and a chassis ground. The output over current protection from the DSPM UPS System is the responsibility of the End User.



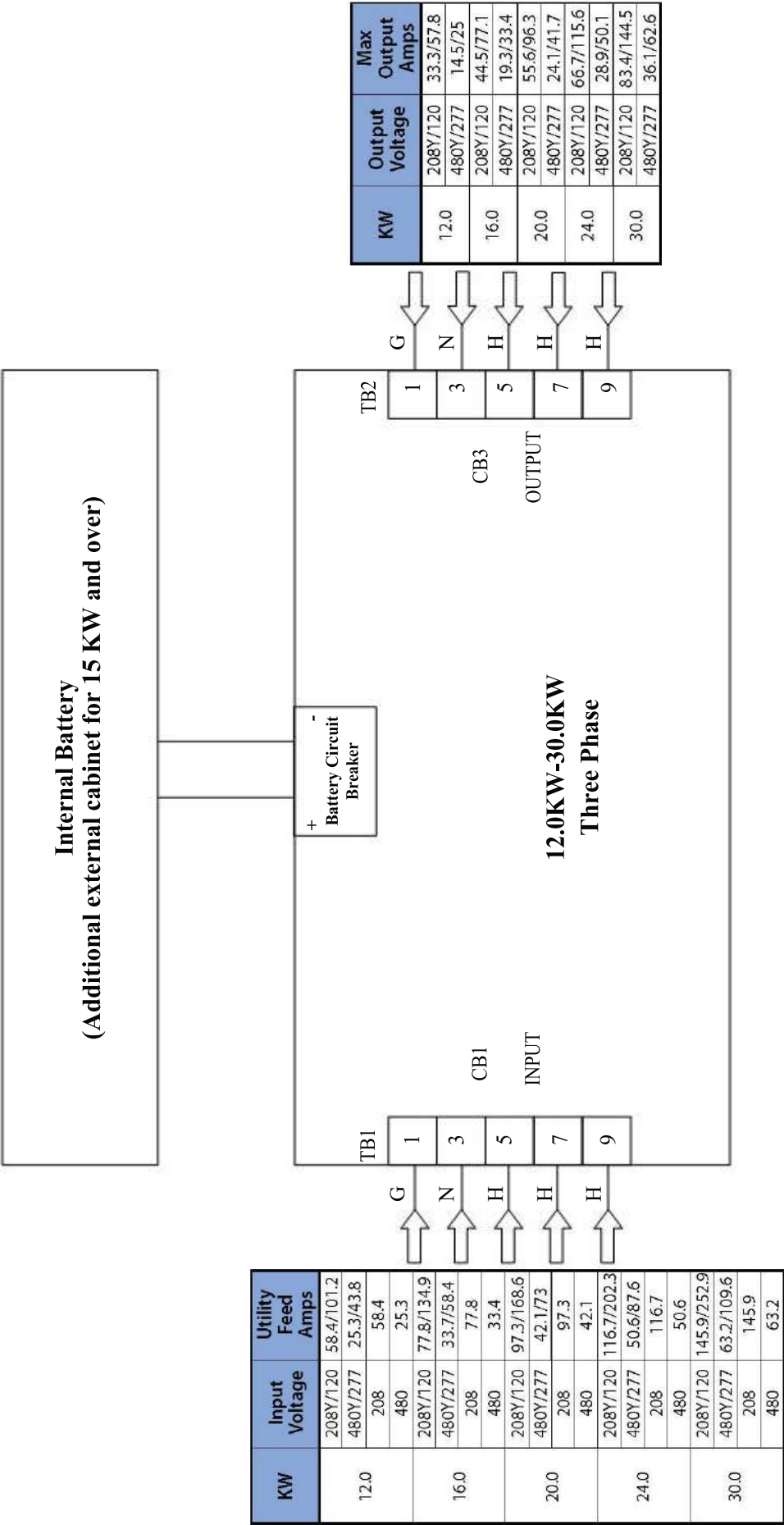
All Systems Interconnect Cables to be supplied by others



\*Consult factory for other wattages

Figure 11a

All Systems Interconnect Cables to be supplied by others

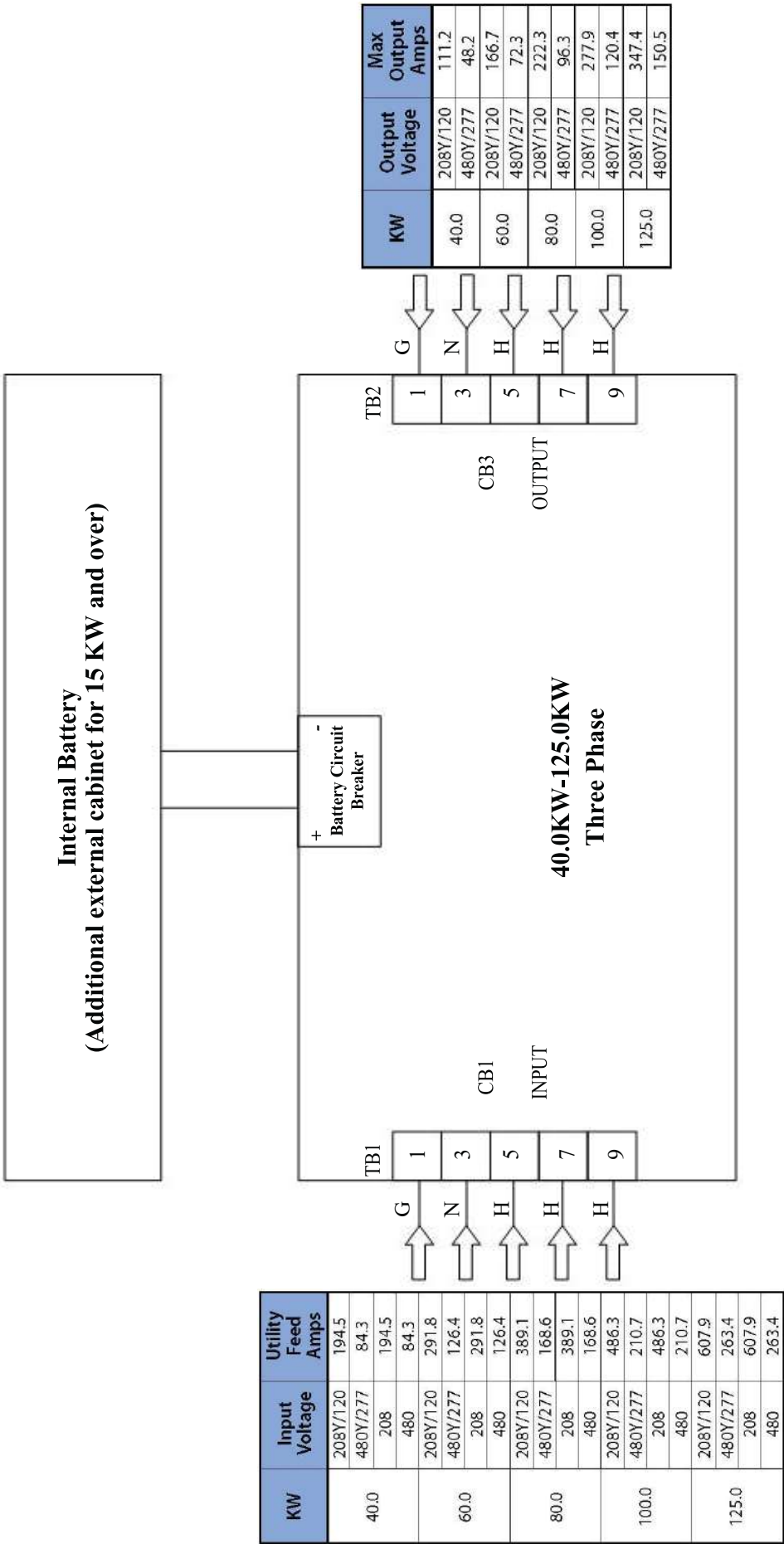


\*Consult factory for other wattages

Figure 11b



All Systems Interconnect Cables to be supplied by others



\*Consult factory for other wattages

Figure 11c

#### 6.4. COMMUNICATIONS INTERFACE

Software interface kits can be used with this Emergency Lighting Inverter System. The RS-232 interface uses a 9-pin female D-sub connector. The information provided to the connector consists of data about utility, load, and the Emergency Lighting Inverter System. The interface port pins and their functions are identified in the Figure 12. Contact the factory for optional kits supplied or approved by DSPM. If used, connect the interface cable to the 9-pin computer interface port (RS-232 Standard Interface Port) on the Main PCB Control Board in the door (refer to Figure 12) of the Emergency Lighting Inverter System.

**NOTE:** Software Interface Kit's connection is optional. The Emergency Lighting Inverter System works properly without an optional interface connection. Use only factory supplied or authorized Emergency Lighting Inverter System monitoring cable!

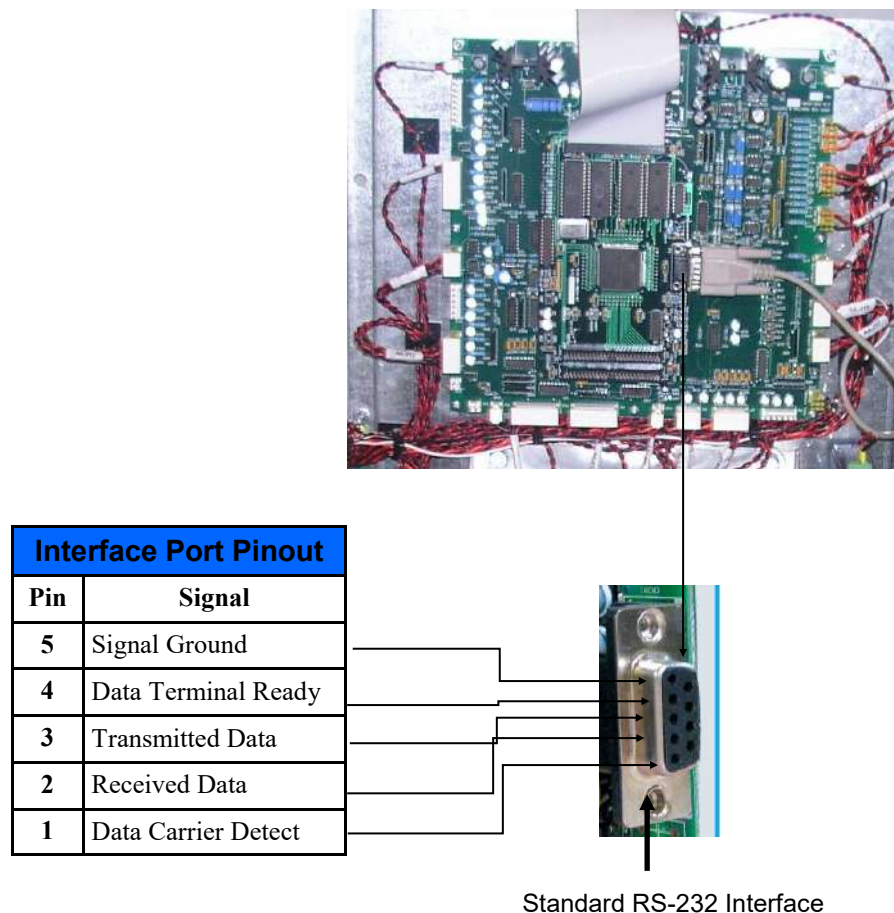


Figure 12

**CAUTION:** Use only factory supplied or authorized Emergency Lighting Inverter System monitoring cable!

7. DISPLAYS

7.1. FRONT PANEL DESCRIPTION

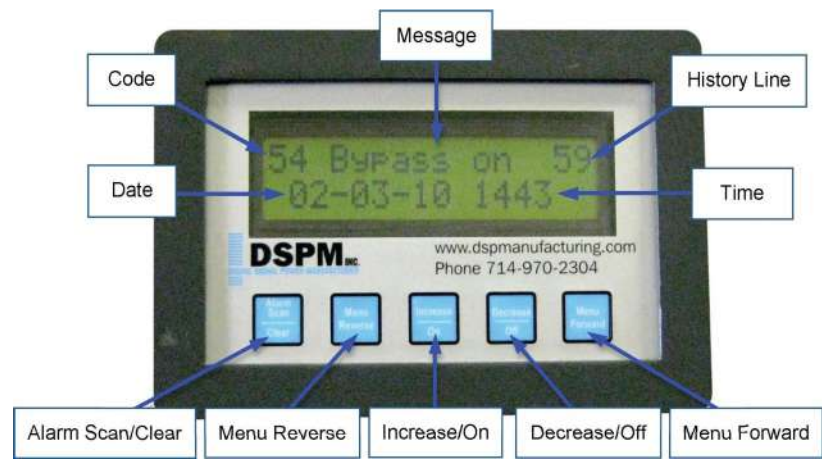


Figure 13

- 7.1.1. Code**  
Indicated which alarm has been triggered. Use the History Log Key Table (on the following page/ (s) to help find the description of the alarm.
- 7.1.2. Message**  
Indicates the message for the alarm that was triggered.
- 7.1.3. History Line**  
Indicates the line that an event has been recorded on.
- 7.1.4. Date**  
Indicates the date that the alarm was triggered.
- 7.1.5. Time**  
Indicates what time the alarm was triggered; the time is shown in military time.
- 7.1.6. Alarm Scan / Clear**  
By holding down this button you can scroll the history log. By pressing this button you can clear.
- 7.1.7. Menu Reverse**  
To scroll menu left.
- 7.1.8. Increase / On**  
To change setting up.
- 7.1.9. Decrease / Off**  
To change setting down.
- 7.1.10. Menu Forward**  
To scroll menu right.

7.2. LCD PANEL MONITOR DISPLAY



Figure 14

The Liquid Crystal Display (LCD) Panel indicates internal status of the inverter, which includes, power flow, measured values and fault and error messages via user selectable display screens. Depending on the model and options ordered, there are several different displays, see Figures 14 for some of the available ones.

### 7.3. HISTORY LOG KEY

The History Log is used to record certain events that reflect the status and operating mode of the unit. The unit has the capability of logging up to 64 lines/events (00 through 63). After 00 is displayed, the system will cycle around to 63. After 64 events are logged, the system will start recording again at 00. The Log is read by pressing or holding down the Alarm Scan button. The most recent event being displayed first. Each time the button is pressed one log event is read in sequential order. The following table is a list of possible faults that can be displayed on the LCD Display.

| History Log Key |              |   |
|-----------------|--------------|---|
| Code            | Message      | Description   |
| 00              | 00           | Blank - Used for clearing Alarm History   |
| 01              | alarm clr    | Alarm History has been cleared  |
| 02              | Phase SEQ    | Input phase sequence has caused a fault and must be changed   |
| 04              | Input OV     | Input voltage has gone over fault limit   |
| 05              | Input UV     | Input voltage has gone below fault limit  |
| 07              | Input CONT   | System has failed to detect closure of the Input Contactor  |
| 08              | Output Hi V  | Output voltage has gone over fault limit  |
| 09              | Output Lo V  | Output voltage has gone below fault limit   |
| 10              | Output O Frq | Output frequency has gone over fault limit  |
| 11              | Output U Frq | Output frequency has gone below fault limit   |
| 12              | Phase FLT    | Input phase sequence fault has not been corrected and system has timed out  |
| 13              | Invrtr FLT   | A hardware fault has been detected by the inverter control board (IGBT PCBA); caused by IGBT failure, unexpected power on reset, or DC Bus over voltage |
| 14              | DC Bus OV    | DC Bus has gone over fault limit  |
| 15              | DC Bus UV    | DC Bus has gone below fault limit   |
| 16              | Input O Frq  | Input frequency has gone over fault limit   |
| 17              | Input U Frq  | Input frequency has gone below fault limit  |
| 18              | RECT off     | Rectifier has shut off unexpectedly   |
| 20              | Invert O Frq | Inverter frequency has gone over fault limit  |
| 21              | Invert U Frq | Inverter frequency has gone below fault limit   |
| 22              | ISBS open    | Inverter Static Bypass Switch has not engaged and system has timed out  |
| 23              | USBS fault   | Utility Static Bypass Switch has failed test  |
| 24              | USBS short   | Utility Static Bypass Switch failure, output voltage still detected after off command was issued  |

Table 2

## History Log Key

| Code | Message     | Description  |
|------|-------------|--|
| 26   | Output OVL  | Output Current has gone over fault limit                             |
| 28   | Estop OPEN  | Emergency Stop option enabled during system to switch to bypass      |
| 35   | UPS abort   | System faults have caused system to switch to bypass                 |
| 38   | Inv start   | Inverter has been started and matched with utility voltage           |
| 40   | NMI trap    | NMI button on processor board has been pressed, date and time marker |
| 41   | STKUF trap  | Software Stack underflow detected                                    |
| 42   | STKOF trap  | Software Stack overflow detected                                     |
| 43   | WDTMR trap  | Software has detected a Watchdog timer overflow                      |
| 45   | ISBS xfer   | Static Bypass Switch has transformed load to Inverter                |
| 46   | Inv Stop    | Inverter has unexpected shut off                                     |
| 47   | Pwr on RST  | CPU initialization complete  |
| 49   | ESTOP trap  | Emergency Stop option has caused an emergency transfer to utility    |
| 50   | RunState0   | Power has been applied to system                                     |
| 51   | RunState1   | Initial system checks complete, awaiting DC breaker closure          |
| 52   | RunState2   | Startup complete, system ready                                       |
| 53   | RunState3   | Utility power failure, system is on a battery run                    |
| 54   | Bypass on   | System is in bypass  |
| 56   | Battery Low | Battery Voltage is low, causing a system shutdown                    |
| 57   | Key Code OK | Key Code Accepted  |
| 58   | Air Flow DN | Air Flow fault detected, DC Bus set to minimum value                 |
| 59   | N/A         | Master reset code excepted   |
| 60   | N/A         | Auto Equalizer   |
| 61   | N/A         | Manual Equalize On   |
| 62   | N/A         | Manual Equalize Off  |

Table 2 (cont).

## 8. OPERATION AND PROCEDURE



The initial startup must be done by a factory authorized technician or in conjunction with DSPM.

**PLEASE CALL FOR STARTUP BEFORE APPLYING POWER TO THE UPS!**

### 8.1. START-UP PROCEDURE

- 8.1.1. After making all power and grounding connections to the Emergency Lighting Inverter System; verify that all system breakers are set in the OFF position, and the Manual Bypass Switch (MBS) is in the UPS Position.
- 8.1.2. Energize the building feeder circuit for the input power for the UPS.
- 8.1.3. Set the Input Breaker (CB1) and the Rectifier Breaker (CB2) to the "ON" position, and verify that each of the following items takes place:
  - 8.1.3.1. The fans come on for a moment then turn off.
  - 8.1.3.2. The Processor perform a series of checks (These checks will be indicated on the front door's display panel).
  - 8.1.3.3. The Processor will continue starting the system and the fans will turn back on.
  - 8.1.3.4. The rectifier will power up—LEDs on the Rectifier Driver Boards will illuminate at this point (refer to Inside Door Layouts)
  - 8.1.3.5. The display will stop at "Battery Breaker Open/Battery Breaker Ready to Close."
- 8.1.4. Set the BATTERY BREAKER (CB3) to the ON position.

Note: With the Battery Cabinet properly connected about 20 Second after unit is up and running, the batteries will automatically be placed online to the UPS.

- 8.1.5. Wait for the Front Door Display to switch between the "Output is on the Inverter" and the "Input Rectifier is operational" screens.
- 8.1.6. Set the OUTPUT BREAKER (CB4) to the ON position.
- 8.1.7. Verify the output voltage is correct BEFORE POWERING the intended load.
- 8.1.8. Power up all electrical equipment connected to the UPS, as specified by the equipment manufacturers.

### 8.2. SHUT-DOWN PROCEDURE

- 8.2.1. The shut down procedure is the reverse of the start-up procedure:
- 8.2.2. Power down all electrical equipment connected to the UPS.
- 8.2.3. Set the OUTPUT BREAKER (CB4) to the OFF position.
- 8.2.4. Set the BATTERY, MAIN AC, AND RECTIFIER BREAKERS to the OFF position.
- 8.2.5. De-energize the input feeder breaker.



## 9. SYSTEM OPTIONS

### 9.1. UNIT OPTIONS

The following is a brief description of the available options for the Three Phase Inverter:

#### **ECM120 and ECM277**—Environmental Control Module

**Environmental Control Module (ECM)** provides superior dependability and security to commercial and industrial environments. It can operate individual fixtures, lamps, circuits, or be daisy chained for controlling multiple loads (One ECM is used per switching device or circuit)/qty. The ECM is perfect for hallways, classrooms, corridors, meeting rooms or individual offices.

The ECM was designed specifically for the egress emergency lighting market. It is a small module that has many applications. The dimensions are 1.25"x1"x2", and comes in two voltage sensing ranges—a 100VAC which has a range of 100-140VAC, and a 200VAC which has a 200-300VAC range. This small and powerful unit is the most versatile module for many applications in the egress emergency lighting market.

The DSPM difference is the patented ECM which is connected to selected fixtures and/or lamps which allows normal operating parameters to be maintained. In the event of an AC power outage, the fixtures, lamps and/or loads connected to the ECM will continue or immediately begin operating at full-light output for a maximum of 90 minutes (or other run time as required by UL924 egress codes).

#### **NOF**—Normally OFF Circuit 120Vac or 277Vac

**Normally OFF Circuit** output is an excellent option when the customization needs is to provide, in addition, power only in cases of emergency (i.e. exiting lighting or evacuation power). In the event of an AC power outage, the fixtures, lamps and/or loads connected to the emergency circuit (s) will immediately begin operating at full-light output for a maximum of 90 minutes (or other run time as required by UL924 egress codes).

#### **NOH**—Normally OFF “Hold On” Circuit 120Vac or 277Vac

**Normally OFF “Hold On” Circuit** outputs are basically the same as our Normally Off Circuit option. Both are excellent options when the customization needs is to provide, in addition, power only in cases of emergency (i.e. exiting lighting or evacuation power). The difference between the two is that the NOH feature allows the emergency circuit (up to 10 minutes) to remain energized after the utility power is restored. This means that in the event of an AC power outage, the fixtures, lamps and/or loads connected to the emergency circuit (s) will immediately begin operating at full-light output for a maximum of 90 minutes (or other run time as required by UL924 egress codes). When utility power is restored, the emergency circuit (s) will stay energized for up to 10 minutes (depending on user setting). At the end of the preset time, the normally-off circuit (s) will shutoff.**OCB**—Output Circuit Breaker/(s)

#### **EPO**—Emergency Power Off

**Emergency Power Off** option gives the user the ability to instantly turning the UPS off without having to throw the breakers. The EPO option is primarily used as a personnel safety feature that will shutoff all power to the UPS output and load. When pressed the input utility power is still on the terminal block, but the microprocessor turns the inverter and rectifier off.

#### **RSSP**—Remote Indicator Panel

**Remote Indicator Panel** option enables the user to remotely monitor the UPS. Through the use of relays, the RSSP allows the user to know if the UPS is operating on the input utility power or its battery bank and if the UPS's output is “On” or “Off”. This feature allows for the UPS to be located away from the load that it operates or controls.

#### **SNMP**—SNMP Card

**Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP)** is an "Internet-standard protocol for managing devices on IP networks." Devices that typically support SNMP include routers, switches, servers, workstations, printers, modem racks, and more. It is used mostly in network Management systems to monitor network-attached devices for conditions that warrant administrative attention.

UPS and Emergency Lighting Inverter manufacturers have adopted the SNMP standard to allow users to easily communicate with their UPS systems. SNMP makes it possible for one node on a network to communicate with another node enabling the power supply to send out emails to anyone on the network, if an email server is available.

DSPM will remain at the cutting edge of technology and convenience by having SNMP as an option on its 3-phase power supplies. The SNMP will be able to send emails to interested parties when a problem with the power supply occurs. The SNMP will host a java webpage that shows all the relevant voltages, currents, powers, energies, times, alarms, associated with the power supply. The operator will also be able to remotely operate the power supply as if they are standing in front of it pushing buttons.

#### **FAX—Fax Modem**

**Facsimile Modulator-Demodulator (Fax Modem)** is a "Telephone line managing devices on an IP networks. Its standard features allow users to send a fax by using the telephone access of an E-mail service, and receive incoming and send outgoing faxes via E-mail with the Fax content presented as a file attachment." Devices that typically support FAX include routers, switches, servers, workstations, printers, and more.

A fax modem enables a computer to transmit and receive documents. A fax modem is like a data modem but is designed to transmit and receive documents to and from a fax machine or another fax modem. Some, but not all, fax modems do double duty as data modems.

UPS and Emergency Lighting Inverter manufacturers have adopted the FAX to allow users to easily communicate with their UPS systems via a telephone line. FAX makes it possible for node network communicate with the UPS systems to send out emails to anyone on the network, if an email server is available.

DSPM will remain at the cutting edge of technology and convenience by having FAX as an option on its 3-phase power supplies. The FAX will be able to send emails to interested parties when a problem with the power supply occurs.

#### **MB—Modbus Interface**

**Modbus Interface** is a serial communications protocol that is simple and robust for connecting industrial electronic devices. Modbus is often used to connect a supervisory computer with a remote terminal unit (RTU) in supervisory control and data acquisition systems. Modbus allows for communication between a system that measures temperature, real power, load percentile, battery current, and frequency, and communicates the measured results to a computer.

DSPM will remain at the cutting edge of technology and convenience by having MB as an option on its 3-phase power supplies. Our lighting inverter are programmed to "talk Modbus". DSPM's lighting inverters respond to commands send through TCP Modbus. We use a gateway that converts the Ethernet physical layer into a RS232 physical layer which our control board uses. With the use of MB, the user will be able to monitor normal operation and know when problems occurs with the UPS or its load (s).

#### **FC—Form C Contacts**

**Form C Contacts** is an option to be used when it is necessary to turn on or off one device by another device. This is done by the Form C Contacts control of two circuits: one normally-open contact and one normally-closed contact with a common terminal. One use of Form C Contacts may be with an automatic dialer. If the output of the UPS goes off, the automatic dialer hooked to the normally "Off" contacts will energize calling the maintenance telephone.

#### **SRB—Seismic-Rated Bracket**

DSPM's **Seismic-Rated Brackets** are built for use in seismic zone 0 through 4. DSPM's Seismic-Rated Brackets are Ideal for blocking and strapping to foundation to hold UPSs in place in case of earthquake. Consult your local building code or official for information about local zoning laws.

#### **STU3—Onsite Startup**

**Onsite Startup** is an option that can be purchased along with all DSPM's product when the standard **Telephone Startup** is not what you desire. When purchased, we send a qualified technician to your site to do the startup.

#### **EW—Extended Warranty**

**Extended Warranty** is for one (1) year onsite parts and labor.

#### **OCB—Output Circuit Breaker/(s) 120Vac or 277Vac**

**Output Circuit Breaker/(s)** are an excellent feature for separating and controlling the load in the UPS. Furthermore, the controlling of the individual branches that constitutes your load can be done while the UPS is running, giving the customer multiple options or ways to use their UPSs.

**Subject to change without notice.**

## 9.2. SERVICE PROGRAM DESCRIPTIONS

### TOS Equipment Turn On Service WITHOUT On Site Warranty

- ❖ Equipment Turn On Service is for customer that would like to have start-up performed without adding additional coverage to the of the equipment warranty.
- ❖ This coverage can be performed as an On-Site Startup Service for any DSPM product.
- ❖ All parts and labor to repair if **NOT** covered under a current Warranty or Service Plan and will be billed from DSPM current rates unless covered by a current warranty or service plan.

### CI Certification Inspection Visit

- ❖ The Certification/Inspection is a service provided to certify equipment capable is placed under a warranty/service plan.
- ❖ The Certification Inspection is complete when all repairs are completed
- ❖ The Certification Inspection is billed at DSPM current hourly rates based on time of day and day of week service is performed.
- ❖ All part needed to complete the repairs are billed from DSPM current list prices.

### SW58 Extended On-Site Warranty 8-5 Mon.-Fri.

- ❖ This Extended Warranty Plan is to be purchased while the equipment is still under current warranty coverage, or after approval by DSPM and a Certification Inspection by DSPM.
- ❖ This plan covers all replacement parts and labor including travel time and expenses for all emergency calls to service the unit. All service calls will be made between 8:00 a.m. and 5:00 p.m. and will be limited to Monday through Friday with the exception of the DSPM's designated holidays.
- ❖ If the Customer requests remedial maintenance outside of the contracted coverage or preventive maintenance, DSPM will provide this service. This service will be charged to the Customer at DSPM's standard hourly rates in effect at the time of the service, and will be subject to an available field engineer.
- ❖ DSPM will provide all replacement parts for parts that are found defective during emergency service calls. If replaced parts are used from any Customer- spare parts kit, DSPM will replace them to the Customer-owned spare parts kit with no charges to the Customer.
- ❖ DSPM will include installation of any changes for safety reasons and at DSPM option, install any factory enhancements and upgrades, and reliability changes or improvements during the emergency service call. Uninterruptible Power Systems (UPS) and Emergency Lighting Inverter's batteries are **NOT** warranted under this plan unless specified. DSPM will provide the maintenance and testing for the batteries at DSPM's the hourly rates in effect for DSPM. DSPM unless specified otherwise in contract, will **NOT** provide Battery replacements but will assist the customer in the replacement of the batteries through the battery manufacturers warranty.

### SW724 Extended On-Site Warranty 24Hr/day 7Days/week Except Holidays

- ❖ This Extended Warranty Plan is to be purchased while the equipment is still under current warranty coverage, or after approval by DSPM and a Certification Inspection by DSPM.
- ❖ This plan covers all replacement parts and labor including travel time and expenses for all emergency calls to service the unit. All service calls will be made Seven (7) days a week exception of the DSPM's designated holidays.
- ❖ If the Customer requests remedial maintenance outside of the contracted coverage or preventive maintenance, DSPM will provide this service. This service will be charged to the Customer at DSPM's standard hourly rates in effect at the time of the service, and will be subject to an available field engineer.
- ❖ DSPM will provide all replacement parts for parts that are found defective during emergency service calls. If Replaced parts are used from any Customer- spare parts kit, DSPM will replace them to the Customer-owned spare parts kit with no charges to the Customer.
- ❖ DSPM will include installation of any changes for safety reasons and at DSPM option, install any factory enhancements and upgrades, and reliability changes or improvements during the emergency service call. Uninterruptible Power Systems (UPS) and Emergency Lighting Inverter's batteries are **NOT** warranted under this plan unless specified. DSPM will provide the maintenance and testing for the batteries at DSPM's the hourly rates in effect for DSPM. DSPM unless specified otherwise,

will **NOT** provide Battery replacements but will assist the customer in the replacement of the batteries through the battery manufacturers warranty.

### **SW36 Extended On-Site Warranty 24Hr/day 7Days/week including Holidays**

- ❖ This Extended Warranty Plan is to be purchased while the equipment is still under current warranty coverage, or after approval by DSPM and a Certification Inspection by DSPM.
- ❖ This plan covers all replacement parts and labor including travel time and expenses for all emergency calls to service the unit. All service calls will be made Seven (7) days a week exception of the DSPM's designated holidays.
- ❖ If the Customer requests remedial maintenance outside of the contracted coverage or preventive maintenance, DSPM will provide this service. This service will be charged to the Customer at DSPM's standard hourly rates in effect at the time of the service, and will be subject to an available field engineer.
- ❖ DSPM will provide all replacement parts for parts that are found defective during emergency service calls. If Replaced parts are used from any Customer- spare parts kit, DSPM will replace them to the Customer-owned spare parts kit with no charges to the Customer.
- ❖ DSPM will include installation of any changes for safety reasons and at DSPM option, install any factory enhancements and upgrades, and reliability changes or improvements during the emergency service call. Uninterruptible Power Systems (UPS) and Emergency Lighting Inverter's batteries are **NOT** warranted under this plan unless specified. DSPM will provide the maintenance and testing for the batteries at DSPM's the hourly rates in effect for DSPM. DSPM unless specified otherwise, will **NOT** provide Battery replacements but will assist the customer in the replacement of the batteries through the battery manufacturers warranty.

### **SF58-n Full Service Contract 8-5 Mon.-Fri.**

- ❖ This Full Service Plan is to be purchased while the equipment is still under current warranty coverage, or after approval by DSPM and a Certification Inspection by DSPM.
- ❖ This Full Service Plan covers all emergency calls to service the unit and one (1) Preventive Maintenance call per year. Additional Preventive Maintenance calls can per purchased/added to the plan
- ❖ This plan covers all replacement parts and labor including travel time and expenses for all emergency calls and one (1) Preventive maintenance call to service the unit. All service calls will be made between 8:00a.m. and 5:00p.m. and are limited to Monday through Friday excluding DSPM's designated holidays.
- ❖ If the Customer requests remedial maintenance or preventive maintenance outside of the contracted coverage, DSPM will provide this service. This service will be charged to the Customer at DSPM's standard hourly rates in effect at the time of the service, and will be subject to an available field engineer.
- ❖ DSPM will provide all replacement parts for parts that are found defective during emergency service calls. If Replaced parts are used from any Customer- spare parts kit, DSPM will replace them to the Customer-owned spare parts kit with no charges to the Customer.
- ❖ DSPM will include installation of any changes for safety reasons and at DSPM option, install any factory enhancements and upgrades, and reliability changes or improvements during the preventive maintenance service call. Uninterruptible Power Systems (UPS) and Emergency Lighting Inverter's batteries are **NOT** warranted under this plan unless specified. DSPM will provide the maintenance and testing for the batteries at DSPM's the hourly rates in effect for DSPM. DSPM unless specified otherwise, will **NOT** provide Battery replacements but will assist the customer in the replacement of the batteries through the battery manufacturers warranty.

### **SF724-n Full Service Contract 24Hr/day 7 Days/week Except Holidays**

- ❖ This Full Service Plan is to be purchased while the equipment is still under current warranty coverage, or after approval by DSPM and a Certification Inspection by DSPM.
- ❖ This Full Service Plan covers all emergency calls to service the unit and one (1) Preventive Maintenance call per year. Additional Preventive Maintenance calls can per purchased/added to the plan
- ❖ This plan covers all replacement parts and labor including travel time and expenses for all emergency calls and one (1) Preventive maintenance call to service the unit. All service calls will be made Seven (7) days a week with exception of the DSPM's designated holidays.
- ❖ If the Customer requests remedial maintenance or preventive maintenance outside of the contracted coverage,



DSPM will provide this service. This service will be charged to the Customer at DSPM's standard hourly rates in effect at the time of the service, and will be subject to an available field engineer.

- ❖ DSPM will provide all replacement parts for parts that are found defective during emergency service calls. If Replaced parts are used from any Customer- spare parts kit, DSPM will replace them to the Customer-owned spare parts kit with no charges to the Customer.
- ❖ DSPM will include installation of any changes for safety reasons and at DSPM option, install any factory enhancements and upgrades, and reliability changes or improvements during the preventive maintenance service call. Uninterruptible Power Systems (UPS) and Emergency Lighting Inverter's batteries are **NOT** warranted under this plan unless specified. DSPM will provide the maintenance and testing for the batteries at DSPM's the hourly rates in effect for DSPM. DSPM unless specified otherwise, will **NOT** provide Battery replacements but will assist the customer in the replacement of the batteries through the battery manufacturers warranty.

### SF365-n Full Service Contract 24Hr/day 7 Days/week including Holidays

- ❖ This Full Service Plan is to be purchased while the equipment is still under current warranty coverage, or after approval by DSPM and a Certification Inspection by DSPM.
- ❖ This Full Service Plan covers all emergency calls to service the unit and one (1) Preventive Maintenance call per year. Additional Preventive Maintenance calls can per purchased/added to the plan
- ❖ This plan covers all replacement parts and labor including travel time and expenses for all emergency calls and one (1) Preventive maintenance call to service the unit. All service calls will be made Seven (7) days a week with exception of the DSPM's designated holidays.
- ❖ If the Customer requests remedial maintenance or preventive maintenance outside of the contracted coverage, DSPM will provide this service. This service will be charged to the Customer at DSPM's standard hourly rates in effect at the time of the service, and will be subject to an available field engineer.
- ❖ DSPM will provide all replacement parts for parts that are found defective during emergency service calls. If Replaced parts are used from any Customer- spare parts kit, DSPM will replace them to the Customer-owned spare parts kit with no charges to the Customer.
- ❖ DSPM will include installation of any changes for safety reasons and at DSPM option, install any factory enhancements and upgrades, and reliability changes or improvements during the preventive maintenance service call. Uninterruptible Power Systems (UPS) and Emergency Lighting Inverter's batteries are **NOT** warranted under this plan unless specified. DSPM will provide the maintenance and testing for the batteries at DSPM's the hourly rates in effect for DSPM. DSPM unless specified otherwise, will **NOT** provide Battery replacements but will assist the customer in the replacement of the batteries through the battery manufacturers warranty.

| Plan Type | COVERAGE  | LABOR | PARTS          | TRAVEL EXPANSES | EMERGENCY CALLS | PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE |
|-----------|---|-------|----------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| TOS       | 8-5 Mon-Fri   | X     | X <sup>1</sup> | X               |                 |                        |
| CI        | Service is as per customer request                  | X     |                | X               |                 |                        |
| SW58*     | 8-5 Mon-Fri   | X     | X              | X               | X               |                        |
| SW724*    | 7 days per week 24 hours per day Except Holidays    | X     | X              | X               | X               |                        |
| SW365*    | 7 days per week 24 hours per day Including Holidays | X     | X              | X               | X               |                        |
| SF58-n*   | 8-5 Mon-Fri   | X     | X              | X               | X               | X                      |
| SF724-n*  | 7 days per week 24 hours per day Except Holidays    | X     | X              | X               | X               | X                      |
| SF365-n*  | 7 days per week 24 hours per day Including Holidays | X     | X              | X               | X               | X                      |

Table 3

NOTES:


- X Included with Plan Type
- X<sup>1</sup> Included If Performed During Warranty Period or With Unit Under a Service Contract. Coverage for parts must be from other coverage such as an Extended Warranty or Service Contract.
- n indicates the number of Preventive Maintenance Calls per year
- \* Must be purchased during an active original factory warranty, during an active Extended Warranty, during an active Service Contract, or After a CI with DSPM Management approval.

Multiple Unit discount for more then one unit at a single location only, and startups are all at the same time.

**Expenses:**

Travel expenses for all services **NOT** covered under an EXTENDED WARRANTY PLAN or a SERVICE CONTRACT will be billed at actual cost.

**SERVICE AND SUPPORT AT ALL TIMES**

|  |  |        |                  |   |
|--|--|--------|------------------|---|
|  <b>DSPM INC.</b><br>DIGITAL SIGNAL POWER MANUFACTURER<br>www.DSPManufacturing.com | Title: Fortress Three Phase 480 and 480Y/277Vac        |        |                  | 439 S. Stoddard Avenue<br>San Bernardino, CA 92401<br>Ph: 1.877.DSPM POWER<br>1.877.377.6769<br>Fax: 909.930.3335 |
|  | Doc No.: 018-7001-00                                   | Rev: A | Page#: - 40 -    |   |
|  | Description: Emergency Lighting Inverter User's Manual |        | Date: 12/07/2015 |   |



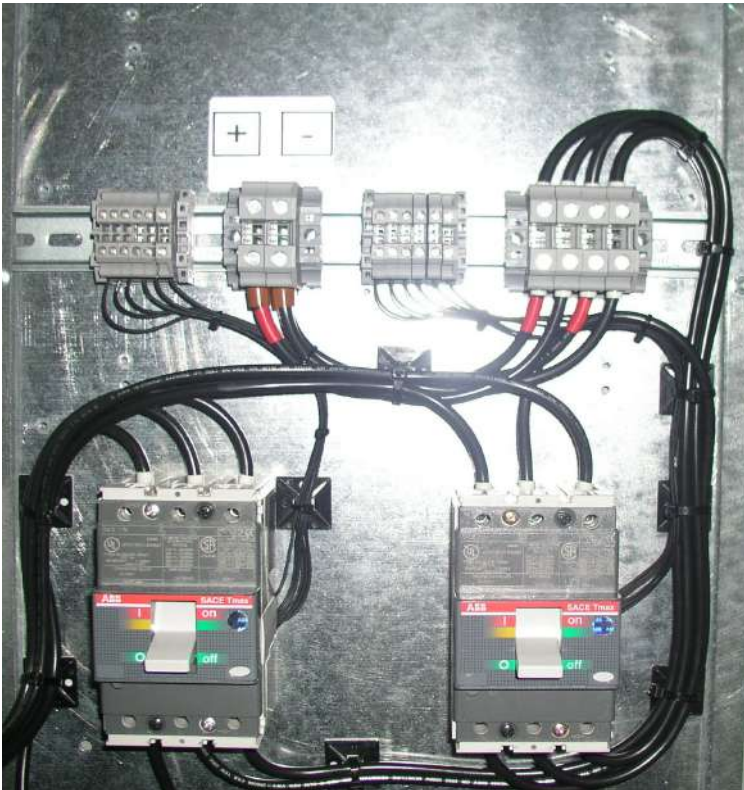
CHAPTER 10. APPENDIX

10.1. FIGURES AND TABLES

Figure 15a



Figure 15b



When insulated grip tools are not available, a method for insulating grips on tools that we use at DSPM using Plasti Dip by Performix is illustrated in Figures 15a-f. The illustration is only an example of how to insulate your tools, i.e. you may want to insulate the open end of the wrench. The product give the user a lot of flexibility when it comes to how many coats to apply (as many as you want). Applying multiple coats by following the instructions on the can should insulate sufficiently.



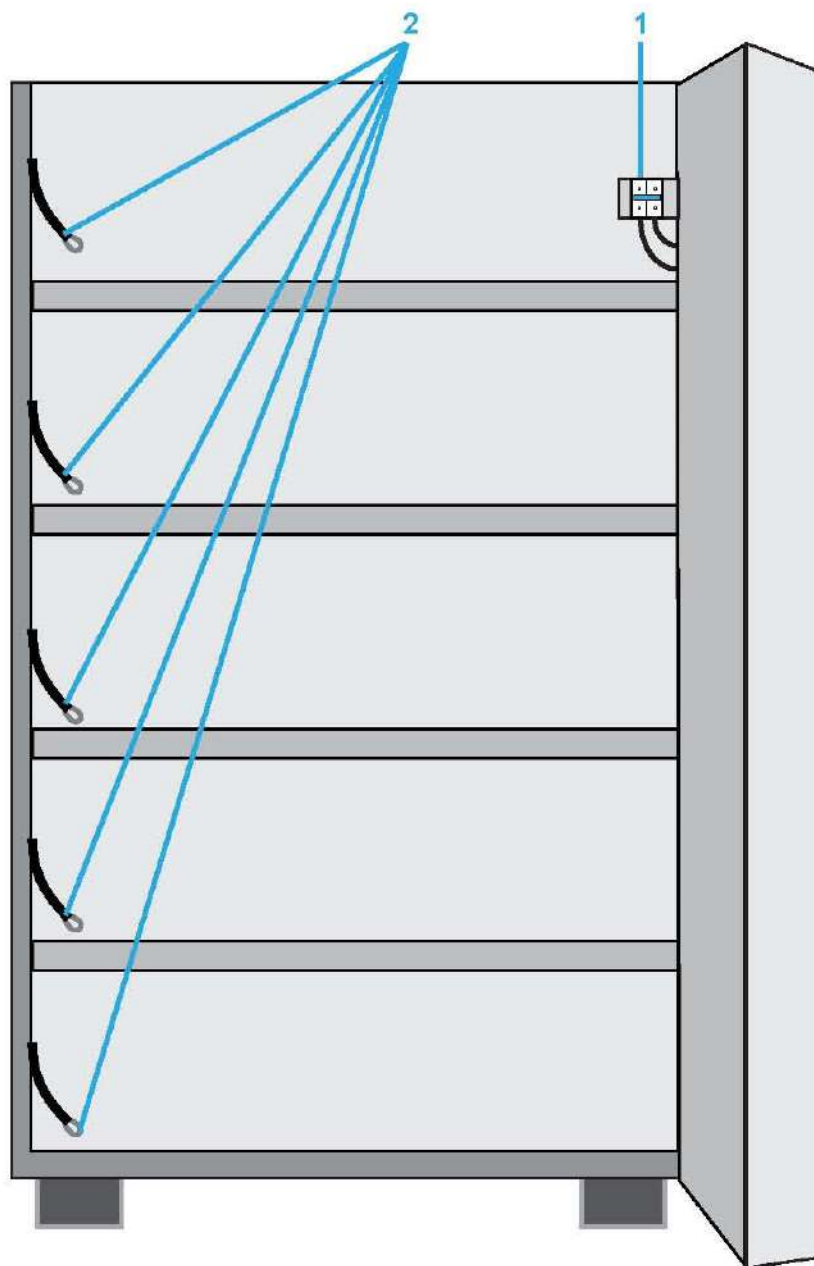
Figures 16a-f



DSPM cannot control use of this product and will not accept liability.



1. Terminal Block
2. Shelf to shelf jumper cables for batteries



Note: Wires from battery cabinet to inverter to be provided by others.

\*Shelf to shelf jumpers are sized to cover a full range of power levels. The battery jumpers will be the same or smaller size depending on the power level of the inverter unit.

Figure 17



1. Inverter Assembly
2. Input Filters
3. Output Filters
4. Transformer
5. TB1: AC Terminal Block
6. CB1: AC Input Breaker
7. CB2: Rectifier Breaker
8. CB3: DC Input/Battery Breaker
9. Inductors
10. CB4: AC Output Breaker
11. DC Caps
12. DC Reactor
13. Inverter Filters
14. TB2: AC Output Terminal Block
15. T6: Transformer
16. T2: Transformer
17. Monitor PCBA
18. Display
19. Fuses
20. K1: Contactor
21. K2: Time Delay Contactor
22. K3: Contactor
23. Drive Unit Display

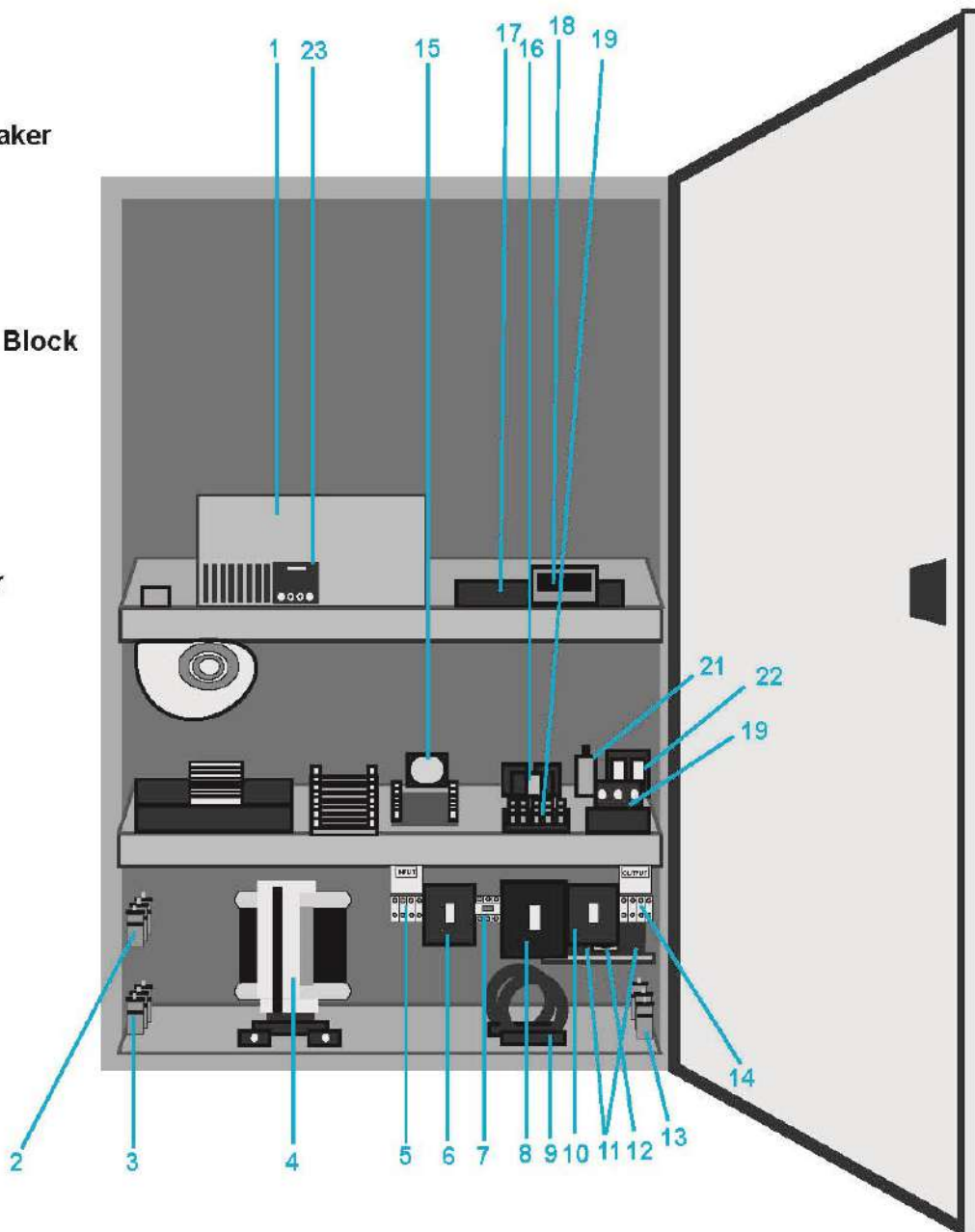


Figure 18

## 10.2.

## LIMITED WARRANTY

### TEN (10) YEAR DESIGN LIFE VALVE REGULATED LEAD ACID (VRLA) BATTERIES & BATTERY CABINET PRODUCTS

This Warranty is given **ONLY** to purchasers who buy for commercial or industrial use in the ordinary course of each purchaser's business.

#### General:

DSPM Corporation products and systems are in our opinion the finest available. We take pride in our products and are pleased that you have chosen them. Under certain circumstances we offer with our products the following Warranty Against Defects in Material and Workmanship.

Please read your Warranty carefully. This Warranty sets forth our responsibilities in the unlikely event of defect and tells you how to obtain performance under this Warranty.

## LIMITED WARRANTY

### AGAINST DEFECTS IN MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP PRODUCTS COVERED:

Ten(10) Year Design Life Valve Regulated Lead (VDRLA) Batteries, and DSPM manufactured battery cabinets, for Uninterruptible Power Supply (UPS) system applications.

#### Terms of Warranty:

DSPM-Manufactured Battery Cabinets (not including batteries): As provided herein, each DSPM manufactured battery cabinet is warranted to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of: (i) one year from the start-up date provided start-up is performed by DSPM personnel, occurs within six (6) months of the DSPM shipping date and the product has been stored in a suitable environment prior to start-up; or (ii) in any event, a maximum of eighteen (18) months from date of product shipment from DSPM. The warranty duration shall be whichever period described in the preceding sentence expires first. The start-up date will be determined only from the completed inspection and start-up sheet provided DSPM to User. The product shipment date will be determined only from the DSPM bill of lading. If any part or portion of the DSPM product fails to conform to the Warranty within the Warranty period, DSPM, at its option, will furnish new or factory remanufactured products for repair or replacement of that portion or part and reinstall the replacement product.

Ten (10) Year Design Life VRLA Batteries: DSPM does not manufacture batteries, but does warrant certain ten (10) year design life VRLA batteries. Subject to the further conditions and limitations set forth in this document, ten (10) year design life VRLA batteries (the "Warranty VRLA Batteries") that are purchased from DSPM and used in DSPM-manufactured battery cabinets are warranted to be free of defects in material and workmanship for a period of: (i) one year from date of shipment on a full replacement basis with a functionally equivalent battery; and (ii) after the 1st year, an additional nine years on a pro rata basis. The product shipment date will be determined only from the DSPM bill of lading.

From time-to-time DSPM is requested by Users, as defined below, to procure non-Warranty VRLA Batteries for User on a per-order basis. Under these circumstances, DSPM assigns to User any warranties which are made by the manufacturers and suppliers of such non-VRLA Warranty Batteries and which are assignable, but DSPM makes NO REPRESENTATIONS as to the effectiveness or extent of such warranties, assumes NO RESPONSIBILITY for any matters that may be warranted by such manufacturers or suppliers and extends no coverage under this Warranty to such non-VRLA Warranty Batteries.

#### Warranty Extends to First Purchaser for Use, Non-transferable:


This Warranty is extended to the first person, firm, association, or corporation for whom the DSPM product specified herein is originally installed for use in the United States or Canada (the "User"). This Warranty is not transferable or assignable without the prior written permission of DSPM.

#### Drawings, Descriptions:

DSPM warrants for the period and on the terms of the Warranty set forth herein that the covered product will conform to the descriptions contained in the certified drawings, if any, applicable thereto, to DSPM final invoices, and to applicable DSPM product brochures and manuals published as of the date of product shipment ("Descriptions"). DSPM does not control the use of any product. Accordingly, it is understood that the Descriptions are NOT WARRANTIES OF PERFORMANCE AND NOT WARRANTIES OF FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

#### Warranty Claims Procedure:

Within a reasonable time, but in no case to exceed thirty (30) days, after User's discovery of a defect, User shall contact DSPM at 1-(909) 930-3353. All defective products and component parts replaced under this warranty become the property of DSPM.

|  |   |                  |   |
|--|---|------------------|---|
|  <b>DSPM INC.</b><br>DIGITAL SIGNAL POWER MANUFACTURER<br>www.DSPManufacturing.com | Title: Fortress Three Phase 480 and 480Y/277Vac |                  | 439 S. Stoddard Avenue<br>San Bernardino, CA 92401<br>Ph: 1.877.DSPM POWER<br>1.877.377.6769<br>Fax: 909.930.3335 |
|  | Doc No.: 018-7001-00                            | Rev: A           |   |
| Description: Emergency Lighting Inverter User's Manual   |   | Date: 12/07/2015 |   |

**DSPM-Manufactured Battery Cabinet:** Subject to the terms and conditions specified herein, should DSPM determine that the battery cabinet is defective, a DSPM field service representative will repair or replace (at DSPM'S option) the non-conforming DSPM product warranted hereunder, without charge for material or labor, provided start-up of the DSPM product was performed by DSPM personnel. In all other instances, User will be charged for labor performed at DSPM then current rates. Warranty coverage will be extended only after DSPM inspection discloses the claimed defect and shows no signs of treatment or use that would void the coverage of this Warranty.

**Ten (10) Year Design Life VRLA Batteries:** Subject to the terms and conditions specified herein, should DSPM determine that a Warranty VRLA Battery is defective within the initial one year warranty period, DSPM will replace the Warranty VRLA Battery with a functionally equivalent battery. During the pro rata portion of the warranty period, DSPM will replace a Warranty VRLA Battery that DSPM determines to be defective based on the below Pro Rated Chart. The chart yields a pro rata credit value, which shall be applied against the DSPM's current published list purchase price of a new battery of equal or greater Ampere Hour capacity.

| <b>Pro-Rated Battery Chart</b> |                   |
|--------------------------------|-------------------|
| <b>Years</b>                   | <b>Percentage</b> |
| 1                              | 100               |
| 2                              | 66                |
| 3                              | 44                |
| 4                              | 29                |
| 5                              | 19                |
| 6                              | 15                |
| 7                              | 8                 |
| 8                              | 5                 |
| 9                              | 3                 |
| 10                             | 2                 |

**Non-Warranty VRLA Batteries:** With respect to non-Warranty VRLA Batteries procured by DSPM for Users, DSPM makes NO REPRESENTATIONS as to the effectiveness or extent of warranties that may be assigned to Users for such non-Warranty VRLA Batteries. DSPM assumes NO RESPONSIBILITY for any matters that may be warranted by manufacturers or suppliers of non-Warranty VRLA Batteries and extends no coverage under this Warranty to such non-Warranty VRLA Batteries.

#### **Warranty Performance of Component Manufacturers:**

It is DSPM'S practice, consistent with its desire remedy Warranty defects in the most prompt and effective manner possible, to cooperate with and utilize the services of component manufacturers and their authorized representatives in the performance of work to correct defects in the DSPM components. Accordingly, DSPM may utilize third parties in the performance of Warranty work including repair or replacement hereunder, where, in DSPM'S opinion, such work can be performed in less time, with less expense and in closer proximity to the DSPM product.

#### **Items Not Covered By Warranty:**

THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT COVER DAMAGE OR DEFECT CAUSED BY misuse, improper application, wrong or inadequate electrical current or connection, inadequate water or drain services, negligence, inappropriate on site operating conditions, repair by non-DSPM designated personnel, accident in transit, tampering, alterations, a change in location or operating use, exposure to the elements, Acts of God, theft or installation contrary to DSPM'S recommendations or specifications, or in any event if the DSPM (for cabinets) or other manufacturer's (for batteries) serial number has been altered, defaced, or removed.

THIS WARRANTY DOES NOT COVER shipping costs, installation costs, circuit breaker resetting or maintenance or service items and further, except as may be provided herein, does NOT include labor costs or transportation charges arising from the re placement of the product any part thereof or charges to remove same from any premises of User.

THIS WARRANTY IS VOID if User allows any battery for the DSPM UPS product to discharge below the minimum battery voltage cutoff point. Furthermore, the warranty is void if the user does not start recharging a discharged battery within forty-eight hours.

REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF A DEFECTIVE PRODUCT OR PART THEREOF DOES NOT EXTEND THE ORIGINAL WARRANTY PERIOD.

THE PRODUCTS LISTED IN THIS WARRANTY ARE NOT FOR USE IN THE CONTROL AREA OR ANY REACTOR CONNECTED OR SAFETY APPLICATIONS OR WITHIN THE CONTAINMENT AREA OF A NUCLEAR FACILITY OR WHERE THE PRODUCTS HAVE POTENTIAL FOR DIRECT PATIENT CONTACT OR WHERE A SIX (6) FOOT CLEARANCE FROM A PATIENT CANNOT BE MAINTAINED AT ALL TIMES. THE PRODUCTS LISTED IN THIS WARRANTY MAY BE USED IN APPLICATIONS INVOLVING LIFE-SUSTAINING OR LIFE-SUPPORTING DEVICES ONLY WHERE THE END-USED CUSTOMER HAS SIGNED DSPM'S HEALTHCARE APPLICATION SALES AGREEMENT, OTHERWISE THE WARRANTY IS VOID.



### Limitations:

- THIS WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF AND EXCLUDES ALL OTHER WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, INCLUDING MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE.
- USER'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE REMEDY IS REPAIR OR REPLACEMENT OF THE PRODUCT AS SET FORTH HEREIN.
- IF USER'S REMEDY IS DEEMED TO FAIL OF ITS ESSENTIAL PURPOSE BY A COURT OF COMPETENT JURISDICTION, DSPM'S RESPONSIBILITY FOR PROPERTY LOSS OR DAMAGE SHALL NOT EXCEED ONE TIMES THE NET PRODUCT PURCHASE PRICE.
- IN NO EVENT SHALL DSPM ASSUME ANY LIABILITY FOR INDIRECT, SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR EXEMPLARY DAMAGES OF ANY KIND WHATSOEVER, INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION LOST PROFITS, BUSINESS INTERRUPTION OR LOSS OF DATA, WHETHER ANY CLAIM IS BASED UPON THEORIES OF CONTRACT, NEGLIGENCE, STRICT LIABILITY, TORT, OR OTHERWISE.


### **Additional Limitations & Conditions for Batteries**

- A battery will only be considered defective if it fails to deliver at least 80 percent of its rated capacity during the warranty period. Rated capacity is that which is published in the manufacturer's official product literature for the specific product at the time of shipment.
- Batteries must be charged, discharged, operated, stored and serviced in accordance with applicable manufacturer's instructions.
- Each battery must be the proper size, design and capacity for its intended UPS application at 25 degrees Centigrade.
- The purchaser (end user) shall give a freshening charge to the battery every six months after the date code on the battery until final installation.
- Temperature:
  1. Average annual temperature shall not exceed 25 degrees Centigrade (77 degrees Fahrenheit).
  2. Cell temperature shall not exceed 32 degrees Centigrade (90 degrees Fahrenheit) for any 30-day period.
  3. Operation or storage of any product for any length of time in an environment having a temperature above 40 degrees Centigrade will void the warranty with respect to those products.
- The warranty period shall be adjusted based on actual operating conditions such as temperature and frequency of discharge as published and specified by the battery manufacturer. The warranty period will be reduced 50% for every 8 degrees Centigrade increase in operating temperature above 25 degrees Centigrade (base temperature).
- Batteries in the same string must be the same manufacturer, same model. If not, the warranty is void.
- The warranty does not apply to batteries used in cycle applications.

### Miscellaneous:

- NO SALESPERSON, EMPLOYEE OR AGENT OF DSPM IS AUTHORIZED TO ADD TO OR VARY THE TERMS OF THIS WARRANTY. Warranty terms may be modified, if at all, only in writing and signed by a DSPM official.
- DSPM obligations under this warranty are conditioned upon timely receipt of full payment of the product purchase price and any amounts due from User under this Warranty. DSPM reserves the right to supplement or change the terms of this Warranty in any subsequent warranty offering to User or others.
- In the event that any provision of this Warranty should be or becomes invalid and/or unenforceable during the warranty period, the remaining terms and provisions shall continue in full force and effect.
- User shall complete the attached User Warranty Card and forward it to DSPM within thirty(30) days of receipt of the DSPM product.
- This Warranty shall be governed by, and construed under, the laws of the State of California.
- This Warranty represents the entire agreement between DSPM and User with respect to the subject matter herein and supersedes all prior or contemporaneous oral or written communications, representations, understandings or agreements relating to this subject.

VRLA Battery & Cabinet Warranty 4/30/12

|  |  |        |                  |   |
|--|--|--------|------------------|---|
|  <b>DSPM INC.</b><br>DIGITAL SIGNAL POWER MANUFACTURER<br>www.DSPManufacturing.com | Title: Fortress Three Phase 480 and 480Y/277Vac        |        |                  | 439 S. Stoddard Avenue<br>San Bernardino, CA 92401<br>Ph: 1.877.DSPM POWER<br>1.877.377.6769<br>Fax: 909.930.3335 |
|  | Doc No.: 018-7001-00                                   | Rev: A | Page#: - 47 -    |   |
|  | Description: Emergency Lighting Inverter User's Manual |        | Date: 12/07/2015 |   |

10.3. NOTES

Model No.:

# Startup Troubleshooting

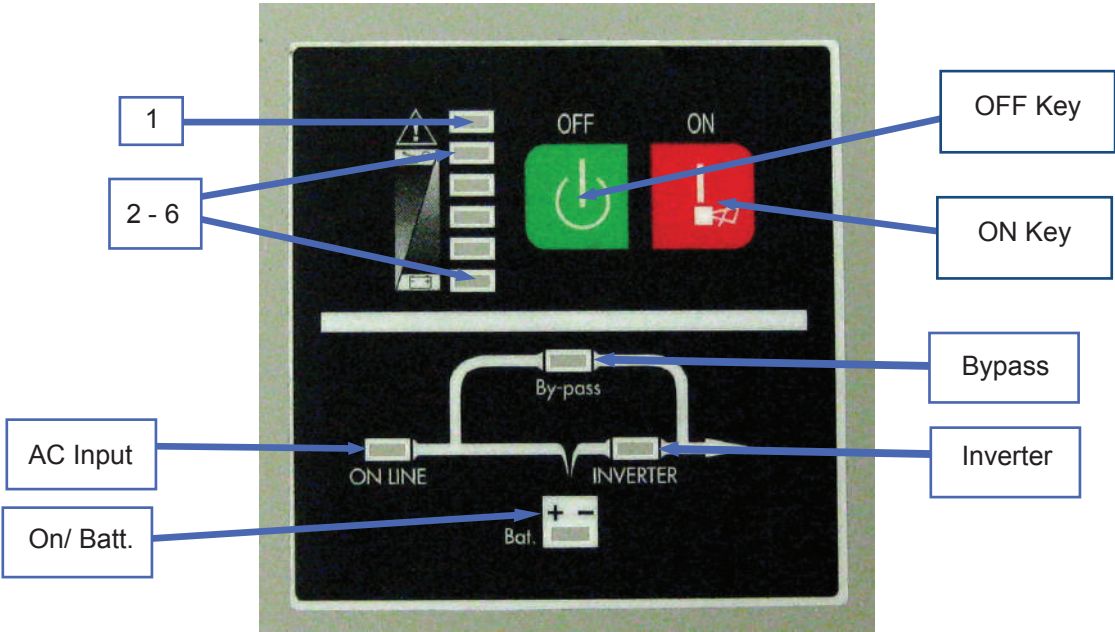
Unit S/O:

**ATTENTION: Before applying power, meter your load wire for the presence of AC voltage (Should be at 0 VAC).**

|                 |                      |          |   |          |   |
|-----------------|----------------------|----------|---|----------|---|
| Contact Person: | <input type="text"/> | Phone 1: | ( <input type="text"/> ) <input type="text"/> | Phone 2: | ( <input type="text"/> ) <input type="text"/> |
|-----------------|----------------------|----------|---|----------|---|

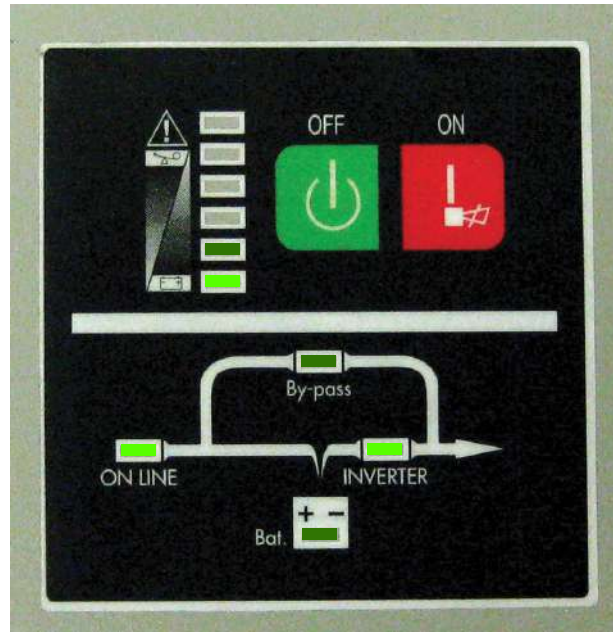
| Date<br>MM/DD/YY | Time | Battery Voltage (VDC)<br>At Batt. CB | Utility<br>Voltage Input | Voltage & Current<br>Utility Output |             |         | Voltage (VAC) & Current (AAC)<br>Inverter Output |             |         | Battery Voltage (VDC)<br>With Input CB Off | AC Voltage & Current<br>Battery-Run Output<br>With Input CB Off |             |         |
|------------------|------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------------|-------------|---------|--|-------------|---------|--|---|-------------|---------|
|                  |      |                                      |                          | VAC                                 | Neutral AAC | Hot AAC | VAC  | Neutral AAC | Hot AAC |  | VAC   | Neutral AAC | Hot AAC |
|                  |      | VDC                                  | VAC                      |                                     |             |         |  |             |         | VDC  |   |             |         |
|                  |      | VDC                                  | VAC                      |                                     |             |         |  |             |         | VDC  |   |             |         |
|                  |      | VDC                                  | VAC                      |                                     |             |         |  |             |         | VDC  |   |             |         |

NOTE: Please fill in the blanks with the requested information above. Please also put a check on the boxes for current status of the unit below.



|     |   | On                       | Off                      |            |                          | On                       | Off |            |                          | On                       | Off |
|-----|---|--------------------------|--------------------------|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| LED | 1 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Input CB   | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |     | AC Input   | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |     |
| LED | 2 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Battery CB | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |     | On Battery | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |     |
| LED | 3 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> | Output CB  | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |     | Bypass     | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |     |
| LED | 4 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |            |                          |                          |     | Inverter   | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |     |
| LED | 5 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |            |                          |                          |     |            |                          |                          |     |
| LED | 6 | <input type="checkbox"/> | <input type="checkbox"/> |            |                          |                          |     |            |                          |                          |     |

# Startup Troubleshooting Information



*This is an example of the unit in normal operation.*

## Displays

**Line LED (Green):** To indicate the AC Power is applied to the system input. In case this LED blinks, it means the main AC source is out of tolerance.

**Bypass LED (Yellow):** To indicate the load is powered via the bypass.

**Battery LED (Yellow):** To indicate the system is in battery backup mode when the building source power has failed.

**Inverter LED (Green):** To indicate the system is powered through the inverter

### Alarm, Load, and Battery Capacity LED's:

- Number 5 and 8 LED's are green colored and Number 2 (used as a Warning LED for overload or battery low) is yellow.
- Number 3 to 6 LED's show the load % of the system if the main power is available (in normal operation). Each of the green LED's will indicate a % of the power level for the rating of the system.

**NOTE:** Depending on unit size the LED's 3 to 6 may not indicate the actual load.

- In the battery operation, the LED's indicate the capacity (%) of the batteries run time remaining, As the batteries are depleted the LED's will extinguish from bottom to top. When LED number 3 is only lighted then there is 0-25% left on the battery run.

**Fault LED (Red):** To indicate that the Emergency Lighting Inverter System is in a fault condition because of inverter shutdown or over temperature condition.

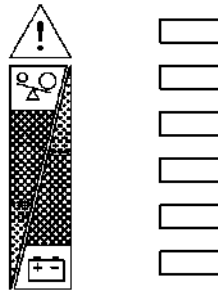
**OFF Key:** This button needs to be pushed to turn the emergency lighting inverter circuits off.

**ON Key:** This button needs to be pushed to turn the emergency lighting inverter circuits on.

**NOTE:** Please see the Troubleshooting Information Guide for more details.

# Startup Troubleshooting Information

## Indicators' State And Meanings

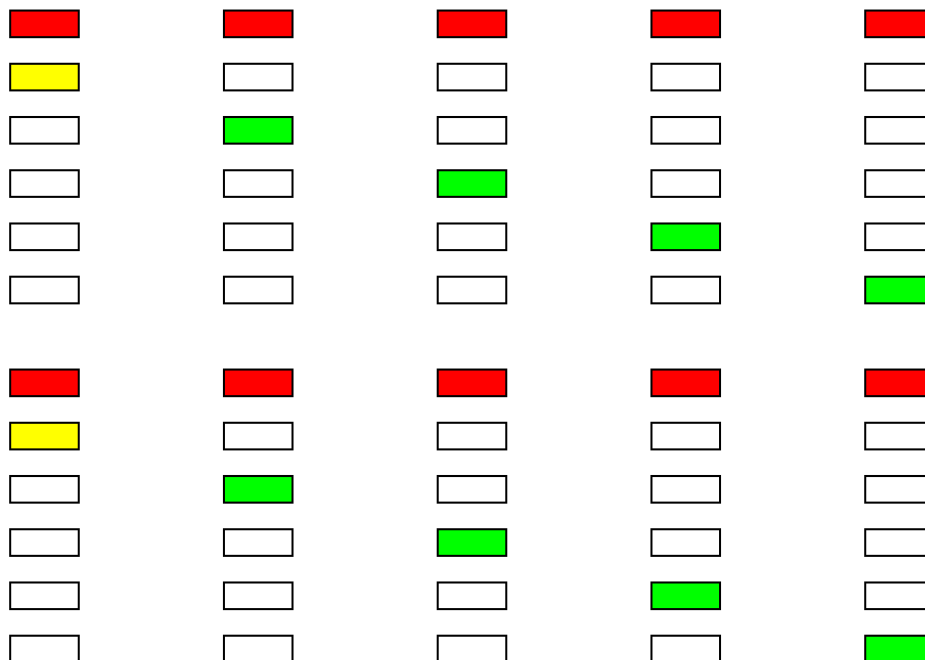


Indicators compositor from up to down:

Indicator 1: Red, fault indicator light, this light shine, UPS sends out continuous alarm showing that UPS is at abnormity state, equipments are supplied directly by line.

Indicator 2: Yellow, and Indicator 3 through Indicator 6: Green, shows load and battery capacity.

Indicator 1 shine, Indicators 2~6 display different state respectively.



UPS run at line mode or bypass mode, indicators display the capacity of load from up to down. UPS run at battery mode, indicators display percentage of battery capacity.

|                                   |   |  |  |   |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| 1#, 2#indicators display overload | 1#, 3#indicators display battery voltage too high | 1#, 4#indicators display BUS voltage abnormity | 1#, 5#indicators display inverter voltageabnormity | 1#, 6#indicators display temperature too high |
|-----------------------------------|---|--|--|---|

| Fault Instructions                 |                                 |   |
|------------------------------------|---------------------------------|---|
| Fault                              | Indicator Display               | Instructions  |
| Charger abnormality                | 1# indicator shine              | When battery voltage 240V and CHG control signal is on, give alarm if battery voltage doesn't increase at 1 hour.   |
| Overload                           | 1#, 2# indicators shine         | <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Line inverter mode 105% ~ 130% overload, turn to bypass after 10 mins;</li> <li>2. Line inverter mode &gt; 130% load, turn to bypass immediately;</li> <li>3. Bypass mode 130% load, cut off output after 1 min, give an alarm</li> <li>4. Battery mode 105% ~ 130% load, give an alarm after 10 seconds and cut off output.</li> <li>5. Battery mode more than 130% load, alarm immediately and cut off output.</li> </ol> |
| Battery SCR destroyed              | 1#, 3#, 6# indicators shine     | Battery voltage > 300V  |
| Parallel communication abnormality | 1#, 2#, 3#, 6# indicators shine | Parallel UPS communication interrupted  |
| Bus abnormality                    | 1#, 4# indicators shine         | <p>Sense condition: PFC ON</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. +Bus voltage higher than 450V or - Bus voltage lower than - 450V for 80 ms.</li> <li>2. +Bus voltage higher than 400V or - Bus voltage lower than - 400 V for 1.5 ms.</li> <li>3. +Bus voltage lower than 230V or - Bus voltage higher than - 230V for 1.5 ms.</li> <li>4. +Bus and - Bus absolute value difference more than 40V for 2 mins.</li> <li>5. PFC IGBT fault</li> </ol>          |
| Inverter Fault                     | 1#, 5# indicator shine          | <p>Sense condition: PWM ON</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Inverter voltage higher than 276V or lower than 140 V for 128 ms</li> </ol>  |
| Inverter output short              | 1#, 2#, 5# indicator shine      | Inverter output voltage 50V, output current > 10A more than 3 periods.  |
| Temperature too high               | 1#, 6# indicator shine          | Sense that PSDR PCB radiator's temperature higher than 75   |
| Inverter relay short               | 1#, 4#, 6# indicator shine      | After Bus voltage has increased , PWM sense inverter voltage > 80 V   |
| Communication abnormality          | 1#, 3#, 4# indicator shine      | Bosom CPU can't set up communication  |
| Fan abnormality                    | 1#, 2#, 6# indicator shine      | Sense fan signal abnormality  |
| Inverter bypass short              | 1#, 2#, 3#, 4# indicator shine  | Sense the power of inverter more than minus 800W  |



| Fault                              | Lights Display              | Countermeasure and Maintenance   |
|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|
| Charger board abnormality          | 1# light shine              | For long backup time UPS, firstly check whether power line (from CN03/CN05 of charger to CN104/CN105 of PSDR) connects correctly, afterward change charger board if other connection correct. For standard UPS, no power line; if measure BUS voltage normal, please change charger board.   |
| Overload                           | 1# and 2# lights shine      | Unload unimportant load to 90 % below; if UPS have been fault ,you should turn UPS into inverter mode.   |
| Battery SCR fault                  | 1#, 3#, 6# lights shine     | Maybe charger or PSDR board fault; mostly check whether battery SCR ( Q305 ) on the PSDR board is fault or battery relays(RY3 、 RY4) are fault, and then check whether components in battery driver part are normal, also need to check circuitry of line commutating part; if PSDR board is normal, charger output is likely to be fault. |
| Parallel communication abnormality | 1#, 2#, 3#, 6# lights shine | Need to check whether parallel line、 parallel card 、 the connection between parallel card and CNTL board are normal.   |
| Bus abnormality                    | 1#, 4# lights shine         | Maybe PSDR board fault; mostly check whether PFC part on PSDR board and such power components as IGBT 、 SCR on line commutating part are fault, at the same time, check whether components of driving circuitry are fault.   |
| Inverter Fault                     | 1#, 5# lights shine         | Maybe PSDR board fault; mostly check whether power components on PSDR INVERTER part and on driving circuitry are abnormal; at the same time ,check whether protecting circuitry of IGBT and PFC components are OK.   |
| Inverter output short_circuit      | 1#, 2#, 5# lights shine     | Check whether load switch of user jumps, and find out equipment power and input current's characteristic of user.  |
| Temperature too high               | 1#, 6# lights shine         | If temperature is assuredly too high inside the case, please unload redundant load and suggest user install an air - condition in UPS room; if sense is fault, maybe CNTL board estimates falsely, or NTC on PSDR board fault.   |
| Output relay short-circuit         | 1#, 4#, 6# lights shine     | Check whether the shrapnel on inverter relays RY1、 RY2 of PSDR board are fault.  |
| Communication abnormality          | 1#, 3#, 4# lights shine     | CNTL board fault   |
| Fan abnormality                    | 1#, 2#, 6# lights shine     | Check whether fan runs normally, if OK, check fan detective circuitry.   |
| Inverter Bypass short circuit      | 1#, 2#, 3#, 4# lights shine | Firstly check whether input 、 output connection are right; secondly check whether inverter relays RY1、 RY2 of PSDR board are fault or bypass SCRQ207、 Q208 and driving circuitry are fault.  |